RESOLUTION NO. 02-24

RESOLUTION 02-24 OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE RIO ALTO WATER DISTRICT AMENDING ARTICLE 9 OF RESOLUTION 9-73 (AND ALL ASSOCIATED RESOLUTIONS ESTABLISHING RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE COLLECTION AND TREATMENT OF SEWAGE) TO CHANGE SEWER RATES.

WHEREAS, the Rio Alto Water District did provide, on November 22, 2023, a written notice by mail to all affected sewer customers in accordance with the requirements of State Law; and

WHEREAS, the Rio Alto Water District did properly notice a public hearing to be held on January 17, 2024 at 6:30 p.m.; and

WHEREAS, the Rio Alto Water District did conduct the above scheduled hearing at the specified time and date; and

WHEREAS, the Rio Alto Water District opened the Public Hearing at 6:30 p.m., and closed the Public Hearing 7:05 p.m. after receiving verbal comments, now therefore

BE IT RESOLVED, that in lieu of a majority written protest, Article 9 of Resolution 9-73, a resolution establishing the rules and regulations for the collection and treatment of sewage shall be amended in accordance with Exhibit A, (Water and Wastewater Rate Study 2023 prepared by Bartle Wells Associates, Page 2, Table 2 with Amended Implementation Dates) attached and incorporated herein to:

- 1. Increase Sewer Rates over a 5-year period to better reflect revenue requirements and the cost of service, including operational, capital cost and debt funding needs as proposed in Page2, Table 2 with Amended Implementation Dates of Water and Wastewater Rate Study 2023 prepared by Bartle Wells Associates;
- 2. New rates are proportionate, fair, and equitable to all customers;
- 3. New rates comply with the substantive requirements of the California Constitution, Article 13D, Section 6 (which was adopted by the voters as Proposition 218 in 1996 and general mandate of Article 10, Section 2) that prohibits the wasteful use of water;
- 4. New rates support the long-term operational and financial stability of the District.

RESOLVED FURTHER, that Resolution 02-24 and Exhibit A (Water and Wastewater Rate Study 2023, prepared by Bartle Wells Associates Page 2, Table 2 with Amended Implementation Dates) shall replace any previous resolutions and schedules amending Article of Resolution 9-73 and shall become effective March 3, 2024.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Rio Alto Water District Board of Directors at its regular meeting on January 17, 2024, by the following vote:

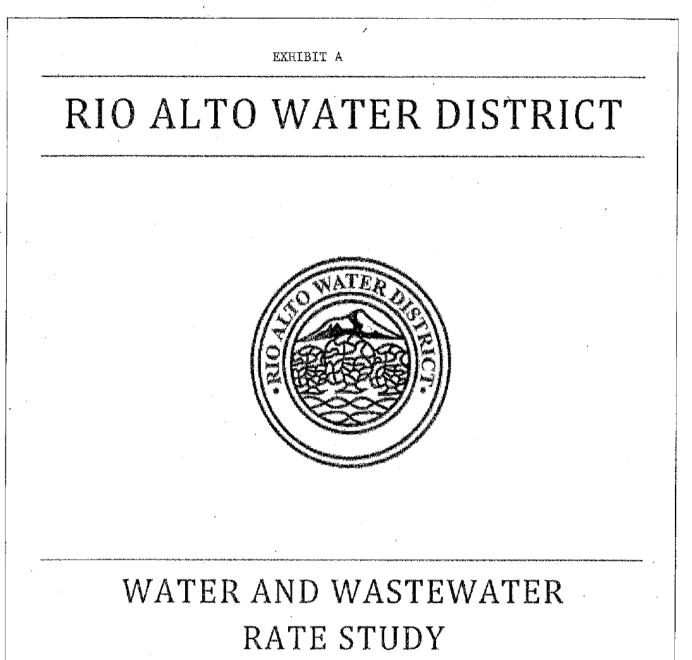
AYES: 4 NOES: 0 ABSTAINING: 0 ABSENT: 1

Signed and approved by me after its passage this 17th day of January, 2024.

Richard Breelak

Richard Brubaker, President, Board of Directors

Martin Attest: Martha Slack, General Manager



FINAL REPORT

November 21, 2023



BARTLE WELLS ASSOCIATES INDEPENDENT PUBLIC FINANCE ADVISORS



BARTLE WELLS ASSOCIATES IN DEPENDENT PUBLIC FINANCE ADVISORS

2625 Alcatraz Ave, #602 Berkeley, CA 94705 Tel 510 653 3399 www.baitlewells.com

November 22, 2023

Martha Slack, General Manager Rio Alto Water District 22099 River View Drive Cottonwood, CA 96022

Re: Water and Wastewater Rate Study

Bartle Wells Associates is pleased to submit to the Rio Alto Water District (District) the attached Final Water and Wastewater Rate Study. The study presents BWA's analysis of the operating and non-operating expenses of the District's water and wastewater funds and provides five-year cash flow projections and rates. The primary purpose of this study was to analyze the District's water & wastewater enterprise funds and make recommendations that would achieve their financial sustainability.

BWA finds that the rates and charges proposed in our report reflect the cost-of-service for each customer, follow generally accepted rate design criteria, and adhere to the substantive requirements of Proposition 218. BWA believes the proposed rates are fair and reasonable to the District's customers.

We have enjoyed working with the District on this rate study and appreciate the assistance of District staff members throughout the project. Please contact us with any future questions about this study and the rate recommendations.

Sincerely,

Douglas Dove, PE, CIPMA Principal/ President

Eith Wil

Erik Helgeson, MBA Vice President

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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 Introduction

The District retained Bartle Wells Associates to develop a long-term financial plan and 5-year rate recommendations for the water and wastewater enterprises.

The revenues from the District's water and wastewater enterprises are primarily derived from charges for services. The District must establish rates and charges adequate to fund the cost of providing services, which includes costs for operations and maintenance, as well as capital improvements needed to keep the District's utility infrastructure in a safe and reliable operating condition.

The District has provided proactive financial stewardship by raising rates to keep revenues in line with the costs of providing water service. Those rate increases have enabled the District to maintain its financial health. The prior water rate increases strengthened the financial condition of the water enterprise. However, current rates are not adequate to fund the needed improvements and meet regulatory water quality and supply requirements.

1.2 Rate Study Objectives

Key goals and objectives of this study include developing rates that:

- Recover the costs of providing service, including operating, capital, and debt funding needs;
- Are proportionate, fair, and equitable to all customers;
- Are easy to understand and implement;
- Comply with the substantive requirements of the California Constitution, Article 13D, Section 6 (which
 was adopted by the voters as Proposition 218 in 1996) and the general mandate of Article 10, Section 2
 that prohibits the wasteful use of water;
- Support the long-term operational and financial stability of the District.

BWA worked closely with District staff to incorporate information and input, evaluate alternatives, and develop recommendations. This report summarizes key findings and recommendations for water and wastewater rates over the next five years.

1.3 Current and Proposed Water Rates

BWA recommends the District consider transitioning to a uniform water rate structure. The following table shows the current and proposed water rates.



Table 1 - Current and Proposed Water Rates

Current and Proposed Water Rates	Existing FY 22-23	Proposed Jan 1, 2024	Proposed Jul 1, 2024	Proposed Jul 1, 2025	Proposed Jul 1, 2026	Proposed Jul 1, 2027
Volumetric Rates (\$/CCF)	nan kanan sana sana sana kana kana kana	active in the second second second second second second	alon alot assayi yakena kakena kakena kakena ka			
Base Use (0-15 CCF)	\$0.00					
Volumetric (>15 CCF)	\$1.30					
Uniform Rate (All CCF)		\$1.21	\$1.35	\$1.50	\$1.65	\$1.82
,						
Bi-Monthly Fixed Charge						
Meter Size						
3/4"	\$42.87	\$37.03	\$41.10	\$45.62	\$50.18	\$55.20
1"	\$58.45	\$50.46	\$56.01	\$62.17	\$68.39	\$75.23
2"	\$144.15	\$123.81	\$137.43	\$152.55	\$167.81	\$184.59

1.4 Current and Proposed Wastewater Rates

The following table shows the current and proposed wastewater rates.

Existing and Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
Sewer Rates	FY 22-23	Jan 1, 2024	Jul 1, 2024	Jul 1, 2025	Jul 1, 2026	Jul 1, 2027
Bi-Monthly Fixed Charges						
Single Family Resid.	\$89.18	\$102.68	\$115.52	\$127.07	\$139.78	\$153.76
1/2 single Fam Resid.	\$44.59	\$51.34	\$57.76	\$63.54	\$69.89	\$76.88
TriPlex sewer	\$267,56	\$308.08	\$346.59	\$381.25	\$419.38	\$461.32
Duplex Sewer	\$178.37	\$205.38	\$231.05	\$254.16	\$279.58	\$307.54
Sewer Extention	\$105.26	\$102.68	\$115.52	\$127.07	\$139.78	\$153.76
Low Pressure	\$105.26	\$130.14	\$146.41	\$161.05	\$177.16	\$194.88
Low Pressure Duplex	\$210.52	\$260.28	\$292.82	\$322.10	\$354.31	\$389.74
Commercial	\$202.46	\$233.06	\$262.19	\$288,41	\$317.25	\$348.98
	. :ť					
Volumetric Charges					,	
Commercial	\$0.55	\$0.65	\$0.73	\$0.80	\$0.88	\$0.97

Table 2 - Current and Proposed Wastewater Rates



BACKGROUND, OBJECTIVES, AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS 2

The Rio Alto Water District (District) is located east of I-5 about 20 miles south of the City of Redding in a community known as Lake California. The District provides water and wastewater services to over 1,400 customers in an area that encompasses more than 9 square miles.

The revenues from the District's water and wastewater utilities are primarily derived from charges for services. The District must establish rates and charges adequate to fund the cost of providing water and wastewater services, including costs for operations and capital improvements needed to keep District's utility infrastructure in safe and reliable operating condition.

The previous sewer rate study was performed in 2011 and the previous water rate study was last performed in 2016. Based on a survey of regional water and wastewater agencies, the District's rates are close to the regional average.

The District's water and wastewater utilities are financially self-supporting enterprises. Revenues are derived primarily from rates. As such, the District's water and wastewater rates must be set at adequate levels to fund the costs of providing service and:

- Fund ongoing operating and maintenance expenses
- Address regulatory requirements
- Fund the capital improvement projects, related debt service and associated increased operating costs
- Provide funding for system maintenance and upgrades •

The prior water and wastewater rate increases strengthened the financial condition of the enterprises. However, current rates are not adequate to fund the needed improvements and operating costs and meet debt coverage requirements.

2.1 Rate Study Objectives

In 2023, the District retained BWA to develop a cost-of-service based rate study. The District has historically adopted rate increases in order to keep revenues in line with the escalating costs of providing service. Key goals and objectives of this study include developing rates that:

- Recover the costs of providing service, including operating, capital, and debt funding needs;
- Are proportionate, fair and equitable to all customers;
- Are easy to understand and implement;
- Comply with the substantive requirements of the California Constitution, Article 13D, Section 6 (which was adopted by the voters as Proposition 218 in 1996) and the general mandate of Article 10, Section 2 that prohibits the wasteful use of water;
- Support the long-term operational and financial stability of the District.



2.2 Rate Study Process

The general process used for this cost-of-service rate study is summarized in the following diagram.

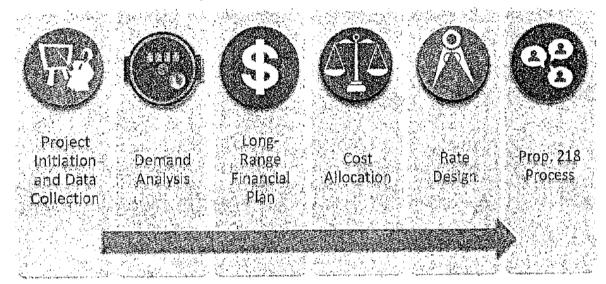


Figure 1 – Cost-of-Service Rate Study Process

Key elements of the study include:

- 1) Project Initiation and Data Collection Review financial policies; collect financial and other relevant data; and review rate structures;
- 2) Demand Analysis Analyze past customer demands and customer characteristics to forecast future demands;
- 3) Long Range Financial Plans Develop financial projections to evaluate annual revenue requirements from rates and the overall level of rate increases needed to fund the costs of providing service and support long-term financial stability;
- 4) Cost Allocation -- Group the District's costs in terms of the function they serve as a basis to proportionally allocate the revenue requirement from rates;
- 5) Cost-of-Service Rate Design Develop rates that proportionately recover costs; and
- 6) Prop 218 Process Ensure compliance with the substantive and procedural requirements of Proposition 218.

2.3 Constitutional Requirements for Rates

The water rates proposed in this report are designed to comply with two key articles of the California Constitution: Article 13D and Article 10, as explained below.

2.3.1 Article 13D, Section 6

Proposition 218 was adopted by California voters in 1996 and added Articles 13C and 13D to the California Constitution. Article 13D, Section 6 governs property-related charges, which the California Supreme Court has ruled, includes rates imposed for water delivered through pipes connected to property. Article 13D, Section 6 establishes both a) procedural requirements for imposing or increasing property-related charges, and b)



substantive requirements for those charges. Article 13D requires voter approval for new or increased propertyrelated charges but exempts rates for water, wastewater, and garbage service from this voting requirement if rates are adopted by the appropriate procedure and meet the substantive requirements. This report recommends water rates designed to comply with the substantive requirements of Proposition 218.

The substantive requirements of Article 13D, section 6 requires property-related charges, such as the District's water and wastewater rates, to meet the following conditions:

- 1) Revenues derived from the fee or charge shall not exceed the costs required to provide the propertyrelated service.
- 2) Revenues derived from the fee or charge shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which the fee or charge was imposed.
- 3) The amount of a fee or charge imposed upon any parcel or person as an incident of property ownership shall not exceed the proportional cost of the service attributable to the parcel.
- 4) No fee or charge may be imposed for a service unless that service is used by, or immediately available to the property in question.
- 5) No fee or charge may be imposed for general governmental services, such as police or fire services, where the service is available to the public at large in substantially the same manner as it is to property owners.

2.3.2 Article 10, Section 2

Article 10, Section 2 of the California Constitution states that:

It is hereby declared that because of the conditions prevailing in this State the general welfare requires that the water resources of the State be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable, and that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented, and that the conservation of such waters is to be exercised with a view to the reasonable and beneficial use thereof in the interest of the people and for the public welfare.

2.4 Statute of Limitations

Pursuant to California Government Code 53759, there is a 120-day statute of limitations for challenging any new, increased, or extended fees. This statute of limitations applies to the water rates proposed in this rate study and is included in the Proposition 218 Notice.



3 PROJECTED WATER DEMAND AND CUSTOMER CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 Projected Water Demand

BWA uses a conservative approach when forecasting water use and growth projections in order to ensure the District is not dependent on population growth and water demand recovering from the recent drought. Projected FY 23/24 water demand is conservatively based on the lowest actual metered demand for the last five fully recorded years.

Customer Data	FY 17-18	FY 18-19	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 21-22	FY 22-23	FY 23-24
Noviel Algorization (Constitution) and a constitution of marine and an and a solution of the s	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected
Total Water Production (CCF)	254,283	248,214	268,254	271,507	246,452	227,070	226,614
Billed, Metered Consumption (CCF)	231,695	225,599	250,999	247,510	232,326	210,642	210,642
Water Loss (%)	8.9%	9.1%	6.4%	8.8%	5.7%	. 8%	8%
Total Accounts (#)	1,322	1,340	1,365	1,389	1,412	1,412	1,412
Growth (%)		1.36%	1,87%	1.76%	1.66%	0.00%	D, OO %
Annual Metered Use (CCF) per Accoun	175	168	184	178	165	165	165

Table 3 – Historic and Projected Metered Demand

3.2 Water Services and Equivalent Capacity

The size of a customer's meter reflects the demand they require of the water system's capacity. A significant percentage of the costs of any water system is related to its requirement to deliver water to any customer instantaneously at any time, up to the maximum safe flow capacity of a customer's meter. Simply put, as the size of a customer's water meter increases, the instantaneous demand it can place on the District's water system increases. A meter equivalent unit (MEU) is the ratio of any meter's safe maximum flow to that of a 3/4" meter's. The safe maximum flow is based on the American Water Works Association's meter service equivalent standards. The proposed fixed rates by meter size are determined based on the number of MEU's. The following Table shows the current number of water accounts by meter size and the corresponding meter equivalent units.

	· •	Vleter Equivalent	Meter Equivalent
Meter Size	Services	Ratio**	Units (MEUs)
3/4"	1,226	1.0	1,226.0
1"	180	1.7	300.6
2"	6	5,3	32.0
Total	1,412.0		1,558.6

Table 4 – Water Customers and Equivalent Demand Units

* Customer data as of June 2023 provided by staff

** Capacity factors based on AWWA operating capacity standards by meter size



WATER FINANCIAL PLAN 4

4.1 Water Financial Overview

BWA conducted an independent evaluation of water enterprise finances and concluded the previous rate increases have put the water enterprise in a sound financial position. Continual, gradual increases are projected to maintain its strong financial position.

The District relies almost solely on revenues from water rates to fund the costs of providing service. As such, water rates must be set at levels adequate to fund the costs of operating and maintaining the water system, and fund necessary capital improvements to keep the water system in good operating condition.

4.2 Key Drivers of Rate Increases

The District is facing several manageable financial challenges that will drive the need for rate increases in upcoming years. Key drivers of future rate increases are summarized below.

Capital Improvement Funding Needs

The District's water system requires a steady stream of repair and improvement projects. Accounting for construction cost inflation, the District anticipates funding approximately \$1.7 million of capital improvement projects over the next 5 years.

Ongoing Operating Cost Inflation

The District faces annual cost inflation due to annual increases in a range of expenses including staffing, utilities, insurance, supplies, etc. On top of rate increases needed for capital improvements, annual rate increases are needed to keep revenues aligned with cost inflation and prevent rates from falling behind the cost of providing service. Water cost inflation has historically been higher than the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for consumer goods and services. Historically inflation has typically remained consistently around 3%, but recently inflation has reached forty-year highs with the CPI and ENR CCI exceeding 7% in 2022. It is not expected that inflation will remain at such high levels in the future, so for the purposes of this rate study, average annual inflation is projected to be 4.5%.

Water Reserve Funds

Maintaining a prudent minimal level of fund reserves provides a financial cushion for dealing with unanticipated expenses, revenue shortfalls, and emergency capital repairs. BWA developed a financial plan designed to maintain prudent reserve levels that are in-line with water utility industry standards.

Debt Service Coverage

Most municipal debt requires that the issuer generate net operating revenues of 1.25 times the total annual debt service payment or greater. This is referred to as "debt service coverage". To support a strong credit rating and good financial health, the current BWA recommends the District maintain a minimum debt coverage ratio of 1.3 times the annual payment or greater.



4.3 Financial Plan Assumptions

The financial projections incorporate the latest information available and a number of reasonable and slightly conservative assumptions for planning purposes. Key assumptions include:

Revenue Assumptions

- Water rate revenues are based on estimated revenues for the current fiscal year.
- Rates proposed to be adopted in December 2023 will be effective on January 1, 2024, with rate adjustments planned to become effective on July 1 of each of the subsequent four fiscal years beginning July 1, 2024.
- To be conservative and ensure revenues will be sufficient, BWA assumed growth to be two new single family connections added per year.
- Interest earnings are projected based on the annual beginning fund balance multiplied by the projected interest rate. The interest rate projections are conservatively based on recent and anticipated interest rates.

Expense Assumptions

- Operating and maintenance costs are primarily based on the 2023/24 budget.
- Operating costs are projected to escalate at 4.5% per year to account for cost inflation.
- Debt service projections are based on outstanding debt schedules and projected issuances of new debt.
- Capital improvement costs are based on the most recent engineering cost estimates. Capital costs include a 4.5% annual construction cost inflation factor for the next five years.

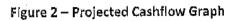
4.4 Cash Flow Projections

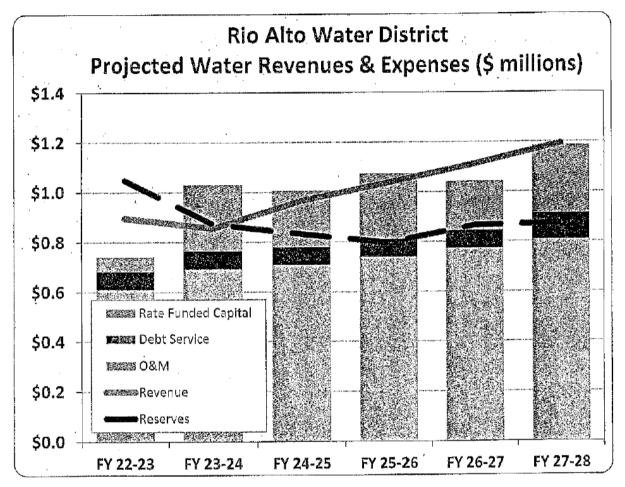
Long-term cash-flow projections were developed based on assumptions and key drivers of future rate increases described above. The projections were used to determine the water utility's annual revenue requirements and project required water rate revenue increases. The long-term cash-flow projections incorporate the latest information available from the District's budget, annual reports, capital spending projections, and metered water demand data, as well as a number of reasonable assumptions developed with input from the District's cost of providing service and maintain roughly balanced budgets, healthy debt service coverage, and prudent reserves. The projections indicate the need for increases for water rate revenues for each of the next five fiscal years. Actual impacts to customers' water bills will vary based on meter size and water use, due to the outcome of the updated cost-of-service analysis.

In future years, the District can re-evaluate its finances and revenue requirements and adjust rates as needed based on updated projections. However, while the District always has the flexibility to implement rate adjustments that are lower than adopted pursuant to Proposition 218, future rates cannot exceed adopted increases without going through the Proposition 218 process again. Rates adopted pursuant to Proposition 218 are essentially future rate caps.



The following figure visually depicts the cash-flow projections with the proposed rate increases for the next five years. Projected expenses are summarized into key categories. The figure also shows the projected fund reserves at the end of each fiscal year.





Detailed, long-term, cash-flow projections for this scenario are shown in the following table.

Water Fund	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28
Rate Revenue Increase		11.0%	11.0%	11.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Beginning Reserves	\$891,721	\$1,048,042	\$872,974	\$832,601	\$796,570	\$865,417
Revenues				ana na manana manana kata kata da kata	ud Managkan addressina menangkan interna di teksenya dari	tele alle contra substitutione de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la co
Rate Revenue	\$528,471	\$528,487	\$587,442	\$652,973	\$725,815	\$799,515
Rate Increase Revenue	0	58,134	64,619	71,827	72,582	79,951
Timing Adjustment*		-29,067				
Other Revenue	368,441	297,463	313,101	313,251	313,460	314,736
fotal Revenue	\$895,912	\$855,017	\$965,161	\$1,038,051	\$1,111,857	\$1,194,202
Expenses	****	an a		() 	ootal Azuman Darka katalaa katala	Kanadowa nga sa
Operating Expenses	\$609,837	\$692,408	\$708,151	\$739,254	\$773,319	\$807,283
Existing Debt Service	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954
New Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	34,000
Rate Funded Capital	\$58,800	\$265,722	\$225,429	\$262,874	\$197,737	\$272,295
Total Expenses	\$740,591	\$1,030,084	\$1,005,53 4	\$1,074,082	\$1,043,010	\$1,185,532
Net Revenues	Ş156,821	\$175.067	\$40,373	-\$36.031	\$68.847	\$8,670
Ending Reserves	1,048,042	\$872,974	\$832,601	\$796,570	\$865,417	\$874,087
Debt Coverage	3,99	2.26	3.57	4.15	4.70	3.65

Table 5 - Detailed Cash Flow Projections

*Reflects January rate Implementation

5 COST-OF-SERVICE RATE DERIVATION

Article XIII D, Section 6 of the California Constitution (which was adopted by the voters in 1996 as a part of Proposition 218) requires that the District adopt only rates that meet a number of substantive requirements.

Specifically:

- (1) Revenues derived from the water rates cannot exceed the funds required to provide water service.
- (2) Revenues derived from the water rates cannot be used for any purpose other than providing water service.
- (3) The amount of the water rates imposed upon any parcel or person as an incident of property ownership cannot exceed the proportional cost of the service attributable to the parcel.
- (4) Water rates may not be imposed unless the water service is used by, or immediately available to, the owner of the property in question.

Each water customer in the District is charged both a bi-monthly fixed rate and a volumetric rate based on the quantity of water delivered by the District to the customer. This reflects that (i) some system costs are based entirely on the actual quantity of water consumed, (ii) other system costs are fixed from the point of view of the District, but are a result of design decisions that were made to accommodate all users, including high-demand users, and (iii) some costs, particularly the cost of administering the water system, would be largely the same regardless of the volume of water consumed.

Water utilities have employed a wide range of approaches or perspectives for allocating and recovering their costs for providing service, often through a combination of fixed and variable charges. The percentage of revenues derived from the fixed and variable charges should be proportional to each system's expenditures and must not exceed the cost of providing service.

Many of the District's costs are fixed costs that do not vary by the level of service provided, such as operational and staff costs, as well as costs for building and maintaining infrastructure. Some of these costs are related to the number of customers, but most of the fixed costs are related to the total capacity of the water system. Fixed costs related to system capacity can reasonably be apportioned by meter size or variable, usage-based rate recovery in recognition that both units of measure reasonably reflect customer usage driving the District to incur capacity-related costs. For example, a share of the fixed cost of salaries related to water production can reasonably be recovered from usage-based charges as these costs are incurred to provide water supply to meet customer can pull from the water system. Likewise, debt service payments may be fixed annual costs, but it is reasonable to recover some of these costs from usage-based rates as the costs are incurred to fund infrastructure that will improve the water delivery system.

While there is no single correct approach, BWA believes that costs should be allocated within a reasonable range that reflects both a) underlying cost causation, to the extent such causation can reasonably be determined or estimated, and b) the policy preferences of the agency in cases where a range of reasonable approaches can be justified.



5.1 Rate Structure Scenarios

BWA developed and presented the following three rate structure scenarios to the Board:

- Scenario 1, 15 CCF Base Continue to include base use of 15 CCF with the meter charge
- Scenario 2, 10 CCF Base Include base use of 10 CCF with the meter charge
- Scenario 3 Uniform Rate include no base use with the meter charge

BWA recommended the District consider transitioning to a uniform rate structure and the Board agreed and chose to move forward with Scenario 3.

5.2 Functional Allocation

There must be a cost-based nexus between the revenue requirement from the cash flow and the proposed rates. The nexus is created by allocating the expenses and offsetting non-rate revenues to functional components and then dividing each functional component's revenue requirements by the allocations units most reasonably related to each function. A functional component reflects a grouping of the utility's expenses whose magnitude is driven by the quantity of a specific unit-of-measure. For example, costs allocated to the customer functional component are driven by the number of customers served by the water enterprise.

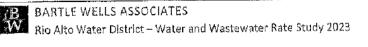
The functional components used in this study are as follows:

- **Customer** Fixed costs are recovered per customer. Fixed costs or costs related to serving each customer were allocated to this category.
- **Capacity** Fixed costs are recovered per Meter Equivalent Unit (MEU). Fixed costs or costs related to system capacity were allocated to this category.
- All Volume Costs reasonably recovered volumetrically were allocated to this category. Volumetric costs are recovered per unit of volume (100 cubic feet (CCF)) based on all projected demand.

Related expenses and non-rate revenues were grouped into the following allocation categories before being allocated to each functional category:

- Transmission and Distribution expenses include the operating costs related to the District's potable water distribution systems. These costs are recovered from the All Volume functional component because they are sized to meet peak water demands.
- Administration Expenses and non-rate revenues were allocated to reflect that some administrative costs are
 driven by the number of customers (Customer) and some are driven by the size of the system (Capacity).
- Source of Supply expenses include the operating costs related to the wells. These costs are recovered partially from the Capacity and All Volume functional components because the wells must meet peak capacity but also provide redundancy.
- Debt Service and Capital expenses and non-rate revenues are allocated 60% to Capacity and 40% to All Volume because these costs are fixed or one-time expenses but are related to the overall capacity of the system which is driven by the projected volume of water sold.

The following tables show a breakdown of the water utility's expenses and offsetting revenues and how they are allocated by function. The proportional allocation is then applied to the rate revenue requirement so that the



rates are proportional to the cost of service provided. To recover the allocated revenue requirements proportionally to the service provided, a unit cost must be derived. Critical to this step is using the unit which relates to the function. The allocation amounts are based on an average of the expenses over the next five years.

Table 6 – Functional Allocation

	<u>Projec</u>	ted 5-Year Avei	rage				
Functional Allocation	Amount	Offsetting Revenue	Allocation Amount	Customer	Capacity	All Volume	Total
Administration	\$531.066	\$83,997	\$447,069	55%	25%	20%	100%
Source of Supply	\$107,749	\$0 \$0	\$107,749		30%	70%	100%
Transmission & Distributio	\$141,933	\$0	\$141,933		100/	100% 50%	100%
Debt Service	\$7 1 ,954 \$244,812	\$0 \$11.318	\$71,954 \$233,493		50% 60%	40%	100%
Capital Functional Allocation \$	\$1,097,514	\$95,315	\$1,002,199	\$245,888	\$320,165		\$1,002,199
Functional Allocation %	···· ·· ·· ·			24.53%	31.95%		<u>100%</u> \$586,621
FY 23/24 Revenue Requiremen	nt			\$143,898	\$187,425	1221	

5.3 Water Rate Derivation

Bi-Monthly Fixed Service Charges

This charge applies to all active services. It recovers the Capacity functional component revenue requirement on a per MEU basis. The MEU varies by meter size. MEU ratios are based on the AWWA meter equivalent ratio for each meter size.

Bi-Monthly Water Use Charges

These charges apply to every unit of water sold. It recovers the All Volume functional component revenue requirement on a unit (CCF) basis. Non-residential have a uniform volumetric rate while residential customers have a two-tier rate structure.

The following table shows the water rate allocation units and total revenue requirement by functional component and the derivation of rates. Volumetric rates for each class and tier are calculated based on the actual volumes of average and peak use water billed in the previous year.



Table 7 - Water Rate Derivation

Volumetric Charge Calculation			
Allocation Units	All Volume		
Unit of Measure	CCF		
Total Water Use CCF	210,542		
Revenue Requirement	\$255.297		
Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	\$1.23		

Bi-Monthly Fixed Charge Calculation

Allocation Units	Customer	Capacity	
Unit of Measure	Customers .	MEUs	
Allocation Units	8,472	9,851	
Revenue Requirement	<u>\$143.898</u>	<u>\$187,425</u>	
Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	\$16.99	\$20.04	

	Capacity	Bi-Monthiy Capacity	Bi-Monthly Capacity	
Meter	Factor**	Component	Component	Bi-Monthly Fixed Charge
3/4"	1.00	\$16.9 9	\$20.04	\$37.03
J.15	1.67	\$16.99	\$33.47	\$50.46
	5.83	\$16.99	\$106.83	\$123.81

5.4 Proposed Water Rates

The following table shows a 5-year schedule of proposed water rates.

Table 8 - Proposed Water Rates

Current and Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Proposed	,	Proposed	Proposed
Water Rates	FY 22-23	Jan 1, 2024	Jul 1, 2024	Jul 1, 2025	Jul 1, 2026	Jul 1, 2027
Volumetric Rates (\$/CCF)						
Base Use (0-15 CCF)	\$0.00					
Volumetric (>15 CCF)	\$1.30					
Uniform Rate (All CCF)		\$1.21	\$1.35	\$1.50	\$1.65	\$1.82
				-		
Bi-Monthly Fixed Charge	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Meter Size						
3/4"	\$42.87	\$37.03	\$41.10	\$45.62	\$50.18	\$55.20
1"	\$58.45	\$50.46	\$56.01	\$62.17	\$68.39	\$75.23
2."	\$144.15	\$123.81	\$137.43	\$152.55	\$167.81	\$184.59



BARTLE WELLS ASSOCIATES Rio Alto Water District – Water and Wastewater Rate Study 2023

5.5 Residential Bill Comparison (¾" Meter)

The following chart compares the water bills for a typical single-family home to those of other regional agencies. Rates can vary widely from agency to agency due to a wide range of factors. The survey shown is for comparative purposes only.

Water Rate Scenarios	Existing 2023	Proposed
BI-Monthly Fixed	· · ·	
Charge (3/4" meter)	\$42.87	\$37.03
Volumetric Rate	\$1.30	\$1,21
CCF Included in Base	15	O
	•	
BI-Monthly Use (CCF)	Total Bi-Monthly Bil	
0	\$42.87	\$37.03
14	\$42.87	\$54.00
24	\$54.57	\$66.12
80	\$127,37	\$133,99
	Change in Bi-Month	ly Bill (\$)
0	\$0.00	-\$5,84
1 4	\$0.00	\$11,13
24	\$0.00	\$11.55
80	\$0.00	\$6.62
	Change in Bi-Month	ly Bill (%)
0	0.00%	-13.62%
14	0.00%	25,96%
24	0.00%	21.16%
80	0.00%	5,20%

Table 9 - Bill Impacts



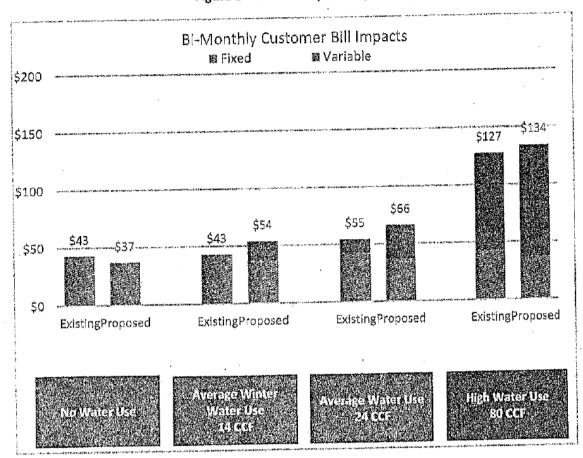
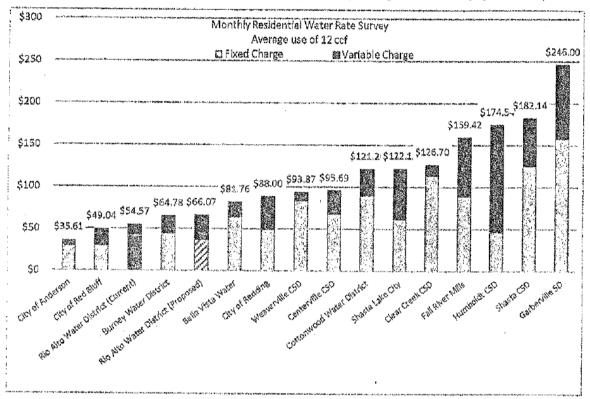
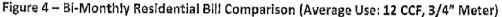


Figure 3 – Bi-Monthly Bill Impacts

5.6 Regional Residential Bill Comparison

The following chart compares the water bills for a typical single-family home to those of other regional agencies. Rates can vary widely from agency to agency due to a wide range of factors. The survey shown is for comparative purposes only.





6 WASTEWATER FINANCIAL PLAN

6.1 Wastewater Financial Overview

BWA conducted an independent evaluation of wastewater enterprise finances and concluded the previous rate increases have put the wastewater enterprise in a sound financial position.

The District relies almost solely on revenues from wastewater rates to fund the costs of providing service. As such, wastewater rates must be set at levels adequate to fund the costs of operating and maintaining the wastewater system, fund necessary capital improvements to keep the wastewater system in good operating condition.

6.2 Key Drivers of Rate Increases

The District is facing several manageable financial challenges that will drive the need for rate increases in upcoming years. Key drivers of future rate increases are summarized below.

Capital Improvement Funding Needs

The District takes a proactive approach to maintaining its wastewater system, which requires ongoing repair and improvement projects. Accounting for construction cost inflation, the District anticipates funding approximately \$1,2 million of capital improvement projects over the next 5 years.

Ongoing Operating Cost Inflation

The District faces annual cost inflation due to annual increases in a range of expenses including staffing, utilities, insurance, supplies, etc. On top of rate increases needed for capital improvements, annual rate increases are needed to keep revenues aligned with cost inflation and prevent rates from falling behind the cost of providing service. Wastewater cost inflation has historically been higher than the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for consumer goods and services. Historically inflation has typically remained consistently around 3%, but recently inflation has reached forty-year highs with the CPI and ENR CCI exceeding 7% in 2022. It is not expected that inflation will remain at such high levels in the future and for the purposes of this rate study average annual inflation is projected to be 4.5%; in-line with the District's budget inflationary projections.

Wastewater Reserve Funds

Maintaining a prudent minimal level of fund reserves provides a financial cushion for dealing with unanticipated expenses, revenue shortfails, and non-catastrophic emergency capital repairs. BWA developed a financial plan designed to maintain prudent reserve levels that are in-line with industry standards.

Debt Service Coverage

Most municipal debt requires that the issuer generate net operating revenues of 1.25 times the total annual debt service payment or greater. This is referred to as "debt service coverage". To support a strong credit rating and good financial health, the current BWA recommends the District maintain a minimum debt coverage ratio of 1.3 times the annual payment or greater.



6.3 Financial Plan Assumptions

The financial projections incorporate the latest information available and a number of reasonable and slightly conservative assumptions for planning purposes. Key assumptions include:

Revenue Assumptions

- Wastewater rate revenues are based on estimated revenues for the current fiscal year.
- Rates proposed to be adopted in December 2023 will be effective on January 1, 2024, with rate adjustments planned to become effective on July 1 of each of the subsequent four fiscal years beginning July 1, 2024.
- To be conservative and ensure revenues will be sufficient, BWA assumed growth to be two new single family
- connections added per year.
- Interest earnings are projected based on the annual beginning fund balance multiplied by the projected interest rate. The interest rate projections are conservatively based on recent and anticipated interest rates.

Expense Assumptions

- Operating and maintenance costs are primarily based on the 2023/24 budget.
- Operating costs are projected to escalate at 4.5% per year to account for cost inflation.
- Debt service projections are based on outstanding debt schedules and projected issuances of new debt.
- The District is projected to need to finance \$1,000,000 of capital spending. BWA assumed the District will get SRF financing but included a conservative interest rate of 5%.
- Capital improvement costs are based on the most recent engineering cost estimates. Capital costs include a.
 4.5% annual construction cost inflation factor for the next five years.
- Upon the completion of the Onsite Hypo Generation at WWTP project the District should not need to continue purchasing chlorine. This is reflected in the expenses projections.

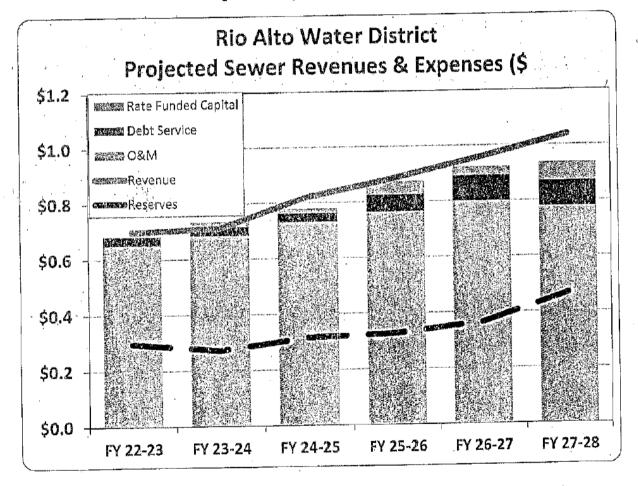
6.4 Cash Flow Projections

Long-term cash-flow projections were developed based on assumptions and key drivers of future rate increases described above. The projections were used to determine the wastewater utility's annual revenue requirements and project required wastewater rate revenue increases. The long-term cash-flow projections incorporate the latest information available from the District's budget, annual reports, capital spending projections, and metered water demand data, as well as a number of reasonable assumptions developed with input from the District. The overall rate revenue increases shown for each of the following scenarios are designed to fund the District's cost of providing service, maintain roughly balanced budgets, maintain healthy debt service coverage, and maintain prudent reserves. The projections indicate the need for increases for wastewater rate revenues for each of the next five fiscal years. Actual impacts to customers' wastewater bills will vary based on strength category and water use, due to the outcome of the updated cost-of-service analysis.



In future years, the District can re-evaluate its finances and revenue requirements and adjust rates as needed based on updated projections. However, while the District always has the flexibility to implement rate adjustments that are lower than adopted pursuant to Proposition 218, future rates cannot exceed adopted increases without going through the Proposition 218 process again. Rates adopted pursuant to Proposition 218 are essentially future rate caps.

The following figure visually depicts the cash-flow projections with the proposed rate increases for the next five years. Projected expenses are summarized into key categories. The figure also shows the projected fund reserves at the end of each fiscal year.





Detailed, long-term, cash-flow projections for this scenario are shown in the following table.

Sewer Fund	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	
Rate Revenue Increase		15.0%	12.5%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	
Beginning Reserves	\$280,267	\$295,964	\$272,016	\$314,918	\$327,019	\$363,450	
Revenues		-	iaio fisitoanaka ana amata any amata				
Rate Revenue	\$504,391	\$503,832	\$579,406	\$651,832	\$717,015	\$788,717	
Rate Increase Revenue	0	75,575	72,426	. 65,183	71,702	78,872	
Timing Adjustment*		-37,787					
Other Revenue	193,968	169,276	168,858	169,841	170,532	171,483	
Total Revenue	\$698,359	\$710,895	\$820,690	\$886,856	\$959,249	\$1,039,072	
Expenses		NANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANA	1 700/2519 00/2510 00/2012 11/2012/2012/2012/2012/2012/2	ารกระดังระบบเสียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เรียงได้เร	****	nesedergelingstradistic saturations	é a traite d
Operating Expenses	\$651,041	\$684,265	\$730,737	\$764,647	\$798,451	\$777,321	
Existing Debt Service	31,621	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	• .
New Debt Service	σ	. 0	0	31,000	62,000	62,000	
Rate Funded Capital	- \$0	\$19,200	\$15,675	\$47,730	\$30,990	\$65,589	
Total Expenses	\$682,662	\$734,842	\$777,789	\$874,754	\$922,818	\$935,287	
관, 성상: 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 100 · 10	\$15,697	n ar y state sagart i g State an an Ann	i Na trian ond	\$12,102	1755 1951 - 1955 1951 - 1955 - 1956 1951 - 1955 - 1956 - 1956		· •
Net Revenues	\$15,697	\$23,947	\$42,901		\$36,430	\$102,785	
Ending Reserves	\$295,96 4	\$272,016	\$314,918	\$327,019	\$363,450	\$466,235	•
Debt Coverage	1.50	0,85	2,87	1.96	1.72	2.80	an thé sa si sé sa si Dagai

Table 10 – Detailed Cash Flow Projections

*Reflects January rate implementation

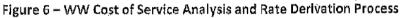
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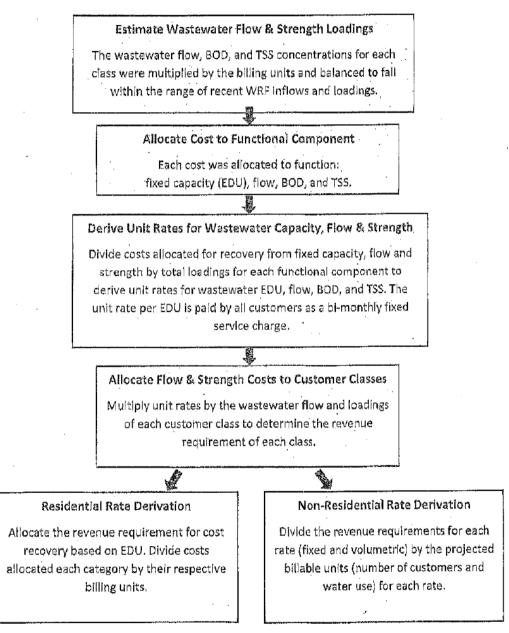
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7 WASTEWATER COST OF SERVICE ANALYSIS AND RATE DERIVATION

BWA derived updated wastewater rates that account for both a) the overall rate increases identified in the financial projections, and b) proposed rate structure modifications. The proposed rates are designed to equitably apportion and recover costs from the District's customer base. The basic methodology used to develop new rates includes the following steps:





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7.1 Flows and Loadings

The following table estimates the flows and loadings of each customer class based on analysis of recent winter and annual water consumption data and wastewater strength assignments for each customer class.

- Residential flows per unit are based on analysis of historical winter water use data. Residential wastewater strength concentrations are based on estimates previously published by the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB). Residential wastewater strength concentrations have increased over the past decade as the volume of wastewater flow has decreased due to transition to low-flow toilets, waterefficient appliances, and other water conservation and efficiency measures.
- Commercial estimated wastewater flows are adjusted to account for a 20% RTS factor. The RTS factor was based on an analysis of winter and summer water use.

The resulting flow and strength projections for each class are shown in the following table and provide the basis for allocating costs and deriving equitable wastewater rates for each customer class.

				Public Water I						
						Projected		_		
Wastewater		H . C C	Est. Mo Flow	Projected	Flow	Flow	Strength	$(mg/l)^9$	Loadin	gs (lbs)
Flows and	# of Sewer	# of Sewer		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			BOD ⁷	TSS ⁸	605	TOP
Loadings	Customers	EDUs ¹	CCF Per EDU"	Water Use CCF ³	Factor ⁴	CCF		C.C. Ministrations	BOD	TSS
and the state of the second	************	and the second	and all helped a side of the product on the second			75.000	220	220	106 005	106,906
Residential	911	927	7.00	N/A		77,825	220	KLU .	100,500	200,200
Commercial	2	9	35.00	3,782	20%	756	200	200	944	<u>944</u>
Total						78,582			107,850	107,850

Table 11 - Wastewater Flows and Loading

¹ "EDU" stands for equivalent dwelling unit

² Flow estimate based on average winter use

³ "CCF" stands for hundred cubic feet

⁴ Flow factor based on estimated flow returning to sewer

⁵ "MG" stands for 1,000 gallons

⁶ "GPD" stands for gallons per day

⁷ "BOD" stands for biochemical oxygen demand

⁸ "TSS" stands for total suspended solids

⁹ State Water Resource Control Board (SWRCB) Suidelines for Wastewater Agencies

7.2 Functional Allocation

The next step in the cost-of-service analysis is to assign wastewater system costs in each allocation category for revenue recovery via the functional cost components of flow, BOD (biochemical oxygen demand), and TSS (total suspended solids). While there is no single correct approach for cost allocation, BWA believes that costs should be allocated within a reasonable range that reflects both a) underlying cost causation, to the extent such causation can reasonably be determined or estimated, and b) the policy preferences of the agency in cases where a range of reasonable approaches can be justified. This process is intended to proportionately allocate costs to each functional component to determine the revenue requirement for each component. The allocations to each functional component were based on input from District staff.

The functional cost components are described as follows:

- Flow reflects costs associated with the volume of wastewater collected and treated. .
- BOD reflects costs associated with treating BOD. e
- TSS reflects costs associated with treating TSS. ۲

The following table shows a breakdown of the wastewater utility's expenses, how they are allocated and calculates the unit rates per unit of flow, BOD and TSS. The wastewater rate revenue requirements from the prior table for each functional component are divided by the units related to each function.

Table 12 - Functional Cost Allocation

Projected 5-Year Average

,		Offsetting	Allocation				
Functional Allocation	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Flow	BOD	TSS	Total
Administration	\$468,541	\$13,200	\$455,341	Helden under von gehet fagen eine anstellen von d			0%
Collection System	\$119,920	\$0	\$119,920	100%			100%
Treatment	\$191,330	\$0	\$191,330	20%	40%	40%	100%
Debt Service	\$62,377	\$0	\$62,377	20%	40%	40%	100%
	\$35,837	\$9,984	\$25,853	33%	33%	33%	100%
Capital Functional Allocation \$	\$878,005	\$23,184	\$854,821	\$179,279	\$110,101	\$110,101	\$399,480
Functional Allocation %	Q070,000	400) 2 4 (+	44.88%	27.56%	27.56%	100%
FY 22/23 Revenue Require	ment			\$226,120	\$138,856	\$138,856	\$503,832
-				-\$2,880			
LPSS Allocation							ár.a
Final Revenue Requirement	ıt			\$22.3,240	\$138,856	\$138,856	\$503,832



7.3 Flow and Strength Revenue Requirement by Class

Revenue requirements for each customer class are calculated by multiplying the unit rates for flow, BOD and TSS from the volume of wastewater flow and loadings associated with each class.

Allocation Units	Flow	BOD	TSS	
Unit of Measure	Augenten ander Konnens sternengen ander son	EDU	CCF	
Allocation Units	78,582	107,850	107,850	
Revenue Requirement Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	<u>\$223,240</u> \$2.84	<u>\$138,856</u> \$1.29	<u>\$138.856</u> \$1.29	
Revenue Requirement	Flow	BOD	TSS	Total
Units	and a sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-			August 1994
Residential	77,825	105,906	106,906	
Commercial	756	544	944	
Revenue Requirement			an a	L
Residential	\$221,091	\$137,640	\$137,640	\$496,871
Commercial	\$2,149	\$1,215	\$1,216	\$4,581

7.4 Domestic Rate Derivation

Residential rates are derived by dividing the total amount of costs designated residential rate recovery by the total number of residential fixed billing units.

Tabl	e 14 – Residential Rate D	erivation
a ann a' ghleannachadh annachadh a ' ann an chleannachadh ann a' sheannachadh ann ann an air an ann an air an a I	Sewer	Low
Unit Cost Calculation	System	Pressure
Total EDUs	926.50	22.00
Revenue Requirement	\$496,370,98	\$3,151,22
Ś per EDU	\$535.75	\$143.24
BI-Monthly \$ per EDU	\$89.29	\$23.87

an a st to martification Broken		Sewer	Low	At FY 22-23	At FY 23-24
Bi-Monthly Residential Rate Derivation	EDUs	System	Pressure	Revenue	Revenue
Beneric Construction of the State of the Sta	1.00	\$89.29	ng Samuel (la su appara endor a Construction and and and a	\$89.29	\$102.68
Single Family Resid.	0.50	\$44.65		\$44.65	\$51.34
1/2 single Fam Resid.	3.00	\$267,89		\$267.89	\$308.08
TriPlex sewer	2.00	\$178.59		\$178.59	\$205.38
Duplex Sewer	1.00	\$89.29		\$89.29	\$102.68
Sewer Extention	1.00	\$89.29	\$23.87	\$113.16	\$130.14
Low Pressure Low Pressure Duplex	2.00	\$178.58	\$47.75	\$226.33	\$260.28

7.5 Non-Residential Rate Derivation

The following table calculates rates for the commercial customer class by dividing the revenue requirements for fixed and variable rates by the billable units applicable to each rate.

Commercial Rate Derivation	Fixed	Volumetric
FY 22/23 Revenue Requirement	\$2,43 1.9 8	\$2,148.57
Units	2.00	3,781.58
\$ per Unit	\$1,215.99	· \$0.57
Bi-Monthly \$ per Customer	\$202.66	
BI-Monthly FY 23/24 Rates	\$233.06	\$0.65

Table 15 – Non-Residenti	al Rate Derivation
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7.6 Proposed Wastewater Rates

The following table shows a 5-year schedule of proposed wastewater rates. The rates are designed to recover the District's costs of providing wastewater service while achieving roughly balanced budgets in upcoming years.

Table 16 – Proposed Wastewater Rates									
Existing and Proposed	Existing	•	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed			
Sewer Rates	57-22 FT	Jan 1, 2024	JUI L, ZUZ4	JQI L, ZUZO	JUI 1, 2020	1202 (L JUL)			
Bi-Monthly Fixed Charges	ана (1996) Стала (1996)								
Single Family Resid.	\$89.18	\$102.68	\$115.52	\$127.07	\$139.78	\$153.76			
1/2 single Fam ResId.	\$44.59	\$51.34	\$57,76	\$63.54	\$69.89	\$76.88			
TriPlex sewer	\$267.56	\$308.08	\$346.59	\$381.25	\$419.38	\$461.32			
Duplex Sewer	\$178.37	\$205.38	\$231.05	\$254.16	\$279.58	\$307.54			
Sewer Extention	\$105.26	\$102.68	\$115.52	\$127.07	\$139.78	\$153.76			
Low Pressure	\$105.26	\$130.14	\$146.41	\$161.05	\$177.16	\$194.88			
Low Pressure Duplex	\$210.52	\$260.28	\$292.82	\$322.10	\$354.31	\$389.74			
Commercial	\$202.46	\$233.06	\$262.19	\$288.41	\$317.25	\$348.98			
Volumetric Charges									
Commercial	\$0.5S	\$0.65	\$0.73	\$0.80	\$0.88	\$0.97			

7.7 Regional Wastewater Rate Survey

The following charts compare the wastewater and wastewater bills for a typical single-family home to those of other regional agencies.

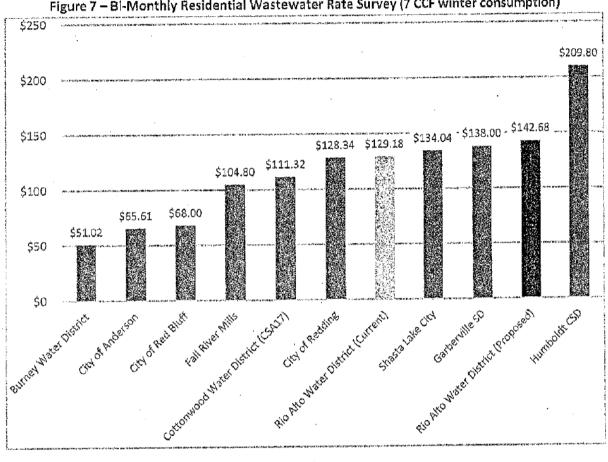
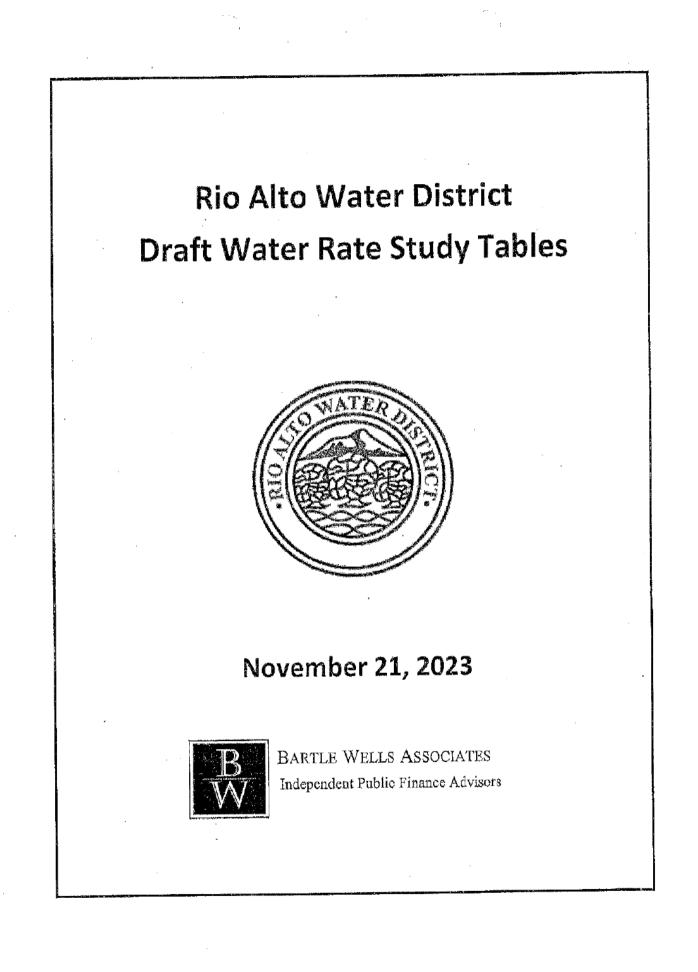


Figure 7 – Bi-Monthly Residential Wastewater Rate Survey (7 CCF winter consumption)



APPENDIX A

Water Rate Study Tables



Projected Operating Expenses Water Rate Study **Rio Alto WD** Table 1

\$1,486 \$743 \$1,115 \$0 \$88,744 \$1,115 \$4,785 \$30,670 \$58,349 \$38,178 \$38,178 \$7,430 \$1,486 \$1,485 727,62\$ \$4,012 \$13,672 \$13,672 \$238 \$238 \$237 \$2,972 \$1,972 \$1,189 \$1,189 \$4,012 \$10,40B 553 5 S143 \$743 \$1**,**189 \$520 뮰. 75 57 57 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 \$520 ĝ \$48,252 \$51,134 \$30,672 FY 32-33 Projecte 52,935 \$1,138 \$3,840 526,9\$ 57,111 224/15 51,422 \$711 \$28,442 \$1,422 \$7**11** \$1,067 \$84,922 \$46,174 \$29,793 23,840 513,083 51,422 51,422 52,844 52,138 52,58 57,138 51,138 \$796 \$711 529,351 \$553 \$597 FY 31-32 S498 8 \$284 \$284 5 Projected \$9,526 \$6,804 \$680 \$680 \$27,217 \$1,361 \$1,361 \$1,021 \$81,265 FY 30-31 \$44,186 \$28,510 \$3,674 \$12,520 \$12,520 \$2855 \$204 \$2722 \$2,7722 \$2,7722 \$2,7722 \$2,925 \$2,925 \$2,925 \$2,925 \$2,925 \$2,925 \$2,925 \$2,925 \$1,021 \$4,382 \$28,885 \$53,432 \$54,635 \$54,635 \$54,565 \$54,565 \$52,790 \$2,790 \$2,790 5475 \$3,674 <u>\$</u>212 \$762 \$1,361 5680 \$28,087 \$272 \$272 S 5 \$272 \$68 \$68 Profected \$26,045 \$1,302 \$9,116 \$77,766 \$4,199 \$26,876 \$51,131 \$33,455 \$23,670 53,516 \$1,30Z \$1,302 \$42,283 \$25,27,282 \$11,981 \$11,981 \$11,981 \$11,981 \$1,981 \$2,565 \$2,5666 \$2,5666 \$2,5666 \$2,5666 \$2,5666 \$2,5666 \$2,5666 \$2,5666 \$05 \$150 \$7260 \$1,042 \$6,511 67.7S \$651 \$651 597 FY 29-30 \$8 \$8 \$260 \$456 S547 \$651 \$26,877 \$977 Projected \$1,246 \$623 \$623 \$24,924 \$1,245 714,417 \$4,013 \$25,719 \$48,929 \$32,014 \$2,555 \$255 \$255 \$295 \$8,723 51,246 \$25,720 \$40,462 \$56,108 \$33,365 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$11,465 \$12,492 \$12,799 \$10,799 \$12,79 **\$249** \$935 \$3,365 \$6,231 \$693 \$623 S935 \$0 \$62 \$245 \$245 FY 28-29 766\$ \$436 \$62 \$62 Projected \$60 \$2239 \$2239 \$2239 \$2239 \$22,455 \$22,455 \$25,965 \$2 \$71,212 \$24,612 \$38,720 \$24,983 \$3,220 \$3,220 \$2,335 \$596 \$7,564 \$954 \$894 \$1,193 5239 \$417 0\$ 095 9523 9523 FY 27-28 \$115 \$179 Projected 17728 17778 \$856 \$0 568,145 523,523 537,053 53,051 53,051 53,051 53,051 \$1,141 8 FY 26-27 Projected \$546 \$546 \$21,841 \$1,092 \$65,211 \$164 \$218 \$2,184 \$546 \$2,348 \$3874 \$3874 \$3874 \$0 \$55 \$218 \$218 \$218 \$55 \$55 \$238 \$238 \$238 \$546 \$879 \$72,538 \$35,457 \$22,878 \$2,948 \$30,047 \$1,092 FY 25-26 \$710 Projected \$836 \$366 \$2,822 \$439 \$439 \$433 \$5,225 \$5,225 \$1,045 \$5,225 \$5,045 \$0 \$62,403 \$52 \$52 \$209 \$784 53355 \$21,567 \$41,030 \$76,846 \$76,846 \$523 \$523 \$20,990 \$1,045 5523 5784 \$0 \$203 \$209 \$209 FY 24-25 Projected SPECIES. 1,000 000 30 20,000 511,05 (Sec. 12) ន្ត 2002 7,000 5,000 1. S60 1,000 1,000 2,700 200 20,638 25,690 2,050 800 9 500 FY 23-24 28 2,000 005 2,150 03 350 R Ŗ 750 3,220 350 2,700 1,000 150 39,268 ĩ General Initiation Farton and Multiply and an an Fransmission & Distribution fransmission & Distribution Transmission & Distribution Transmission & Distribution Iransmission & Discribution Frammission & Distribution framsmission & Distribution fransmission & Distribution Fransmission & Bistribution fransmission & Distribution Gransmission & Distribution Fransmission & Distribution fransmission & Distribution fransmission & Distribution Transmission & Distribution Transmission & Distribution Fransmission & Distribution Fransmission & Distribution ransmission & Distribution fransmission & Distribution Source of Supply Booster Station Maintenance/Repair Eguipment Maintenance/Repair Tanks #3,2,3 Maintenance/Repair Hydraet Maimtenance/Repair tydrant Replacement Fund Valve Maintenance/Repair tine Maintenance/Repair **Drinking Water Samples** Sooster Station Utility Well#4 Maintenance Weil#5 Maintenance Well #6 Maintenance Systems Operator III Part Time Employee Contracted Services Telemetry System Well #6 Utility PG&E Systems Operator JB Well #4 Utility PG&E Well #5 Utility PG&E well #3 Utility PG&E Systems Operator II Systems Operator II Part Time Employee Contracted Services Auto Maintenance Regulatory Officer Meters/Backflows Auto Maintenance Telemetry System General Supplies Regulatory Officer Seneral Supplies Nell#3 Repair Nell #4 Repair well #6 Repair Well#5 Repair Expenses¹ Auto Repair Auto Repair Auto Puel Auto Fuel Tools ools

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Seneral Manager

Projected Operating Expenses Water Rate Study Rio Alto WD Table 1

522,347 520,397 \$5,20* \$1,195 \$5,944 \$1,783 \$3,715 \$3,715 \$3,715 \$446 \$297 \$42,666 \$446 \$7,882 \$1,337 \$267 \$1,427 \$1,486 \$1,337 \$1,486 S149 \$1,846 \$1,174 \$53,362 \$50,383 \$70,864 \$6,576 \$34,180 \$40,673 \$56,870 \$2,734 \$20,767 \$16,577 \$1,412 \$1,783 54,458 \$681 ST3,859 FY 32-33 Projectie \$1,365 \$5,361 \$1,422 \$2,437 \$1,707 \$4,266 \$391 \$651 \$427 \$7,543 \$1,280 \$4,980 \$5,688 \$7,114 \$7,111 \$7,707 \$2,133 \$1,422 \$1,351 540,829 \$256 \$1,280 \$1,766 \$1,123 \$50,968 \$24,421 \$2,617 \$10,872 \$10,872 \$427 \$284 \$142 \$48,213 536,921 FY 29-30 FY 30-31 FY 31-32 \$13,263 \$6,293 \$6,293 Projected \$2,333 \$18,678 \$1,306 \$5,130 \$1,361 \$523 \$408 \$1,225 \$1,225 \$245 \$37,245 \$52,077 \$2,504 \$19,017 \$15,180 \$4,766 \$1,094 \$5,443 \$5,804 \$1,633 \$3,402 \$3,402 \$3,402 \$408 51,295 51,295 \$1,633 \$4,083 \$374 539,070 \$136 51,225 \$1,690 \$1,075 \$48,773 \$6,022 \$31,300 \$12,691 \$46,137 \$6**4,**893 Projected \$17,874 5391 \$260 \$1,302 51,563 53,207 5358 537,388 56,907 56,907 51,172 \$234 \$1,250 \$4,910 \$1,302 \$1,302 \$1,172 \$4,561 \$1,067 \$5,209 \$6,511 \$1,563 \$3,256 \$1,953 \$12,145 \$1,617 \$1,029 \$46,673 \$44,151 \$29,952 \$35,642 \$49,835 \$2,396 \$18,198 \$14,527 \$596 \$62,098 \$5,763 Projected \$1,495 \$3,739 \$343 \$35,778 \$374 \$6,610 \$1,122 \$2,24 \$1,126 \$1,268 \$1,246 \$1,122 \$2,136 \$17,304 \$4,364 \$5,002 \$6,231 \$1,495 \$1,495 \$1,869 \$2.49 \$1,246 \$1,184 \$28,662 \$34,107 \$47,689 \$2,293 \$17,414 \$13,901 \$573 FY 28-29 \$11,622 \$1,548 \$984 Ş44,563 \$374 \$5,514 \$42,249 \$59,474 Projected \$215 \$1,345 \$16,367 \$6,325 \$1,073 \$1,431 \$3,578 \$328 \$3546 \$3558 51,073 \$4,496 51,193 \$4,176 \$959 752,237 \$11,121 \$1,481 \$42,740 \$40,430 \$5,277 \$27,428 \$32,538 \$45,635 \$21,194 \$21,194 \$13,303 \$13,303 \$942 \$56,865 FY 27-28 Projected \$1,956 \$15,663 \$1,027 \$205 \$1,096 5258 5228 \$4,302 \$1,141 \$114 \$917 \$4,565 \$5,706 \$1,369 \$1,712 \$1,712 \$1,141 \$1,369 \$3,423 \$314 \$31,762 **\$**523 5342 \$6,053 \$5,050 \$26,247 \$31,233 \$43,570 \$21,233 \$15,947 \$15,947 \$1,027 \$10,643 \$1,417 998,04\$ \$38,689 \$3,996 FY 26-27 \$902 \$54,417 Projected \$1,988 \$14,988 \$1,310 \$3,276 \$300 \$500 \$328 \$5,792 \$1,048 \$4,117 \$1,092 \$3,824 \$878 \$4,368 \$5,460 \$1,310 \$1,310 \$1,638 \$328 \$218 \$218 \$31,352 588\$ 7197 5109 \$4,832 \$25,117 \$29,888 \$2,009 \$15,260 \$12,182 \$1,037 FY 25-26 \$10,134 **BEL 6ES** 96/'TÞ\$ \$1,356 S853 \$37,023 \$52,073 Projected \$1,003 \$3,940 \$1,045 \$105 \$941 \$1,791 \$14,343 \$479 \$314 \$5,543 \$941 \$188 \$314 \$209 \$1,045 \$1,254 \$3,135 \$287 530,002 \$3,660 \$840 \$5,225 \$1,254 \$2,613 \$9,746 \$1,298 54,624 54,624 524,635 528,601 528,601 51,923 51,603 51,603 51,603 \$4,180 \$1,568 £665\$ FY 24-25 \$826 \$37,453 \$35,429 Projected 1,714 9,326 1,200 3,000 275 28,710 458 200 3204 350 350 3770 350 3770 1,000 100 500 13.974 13.974 13.974 1,200 2,500 300. 2.000 1.000 242 N 1242 23,425 23,000 950 504 1 35,840 27,369 38,268 3,502 804 000 1---S,000 FY 23-24 47,685 5 Budgeten ą ÷ Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration. Administration vdministration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration 4dministration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration 0,dministration Administration Administration Administration Administration **Administration** Administration Administration 4dministration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration Administration ndministration Administration Administration ldministration Vulsninistration PEPRA Employer Contributions PEPRA Employer Unfunded Liability PERS Employer Unfunded Liability Workers Compensation Insurance ëmployee Meetings/Conferences Office Equipment Maintenance Office Building Maintenance Membership/Subscriptions Employee Travel/Expenses Office Equipment Expense Alarm System Monitoring Dental/Vision Insurance Health Insurance ACWA **Retiree Health Benefits** Website & Advertising Certification Renewal Cell Phone Allowance Engineering Services Banking/Court Costs Contracted Services Systems Operator III Part Time Employee Lot Selling Expense Office Utility-PG&E Systems Operator II Propane - Fat Cat Regulatory Officer District Uniforms Equipment Lease PERS Retirement Public Relations Safety Supplies Uffe Insurance Expenses¹ Bookkeeper Insurance Education Secretary Supplies Postage Printing ğ Š

\$19,518

Administration kdministration

Service Fee - State

Telephone

Table 1	Rio Alto WD	Water Rate Study	Projected Operating Expenses
Table	Rio /	Wate	proje

Evmenses. ¹		FV 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	54 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-33
	LOSING CONTRACTOR OF A	Annual Contract of the Contract of the Contract of Con	Protected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
	and the state of the second	Conception of the second second	CONSISTER AND	TAX STREET, SALAR		12212001225254	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACT		にいたが		東京は出た
Seneral Inflation Pactory (State, 2008) Sectory	NAME OF THE OWNER OF	PERSONAL SERVICE AND		A CONTRACTOR OF							
	Administration	150	SIET	\$164	\$171	\$179	\$187	\$195	\$204	517\$	
		1 0(30)	\$5.121	\$5,351	\$5,592	\$5,843	\$6,106	\$6,381	\$6,568	\$5,968	\$7,282
Service Fee - County	ADDINISTRALIUM		\$0 7.72	\$9.173	\$9.586	\$10.017	\$10,468	626'0TS	\$11,431	\$11,946	\$12,483
Auditor	Administration	0.400	en line	103.02	BET IS	\$7,862	52.991	53,125	\$3,266	\$3,413	\$3,567
Legai Counsei	Administration		00C74		C 765	500S	C112	SEZES	5340	\$356	5372
Board Meeting Supplies	Administration		1974			5 4 0 4 0	act as	55 JE1	\$C 498	SC 7AS	\$6,004
	Adrainistration	000	\$4,222	\$4,412	nrg ts	QTQ to	CCN/CC		one fort		
	Administration	. «\ : 7.260	57.587	\$7,928	\$8,285	\$8,658	59,047	59,454	23,830	725014	co/mrc
		ent.		\$635		\$716		\$781		\$823	
('JÅ (Romenshimory		60 C)		\$7.853		\$3,115		\$3,402		\$3,715
Director Election (election yr.) Adm	Administration		6TTA"36	0 m 0 m 0		64 72D		én asa		2,133	
GASB OPEB Evaluations (total eval) Adm	Administration	1,500		51,055			a not		6,000		CARE
	Administration		5314		\$342		53/4				
	A diministration	6 220	\$6.500	\$6,792	\$60,72	\$7,417	\$7,751	\$8,100	58,4155	58,845	53,244
stightlinging w	internation	21,000					\$25,170				
	VEDLINISH AUTON										
OPEB Contributions (CERBT Trust) Adm	Administration						¢10 602				
	Administration	15,000						610 CO3	C16 C24	51012	421 332
	Administration		\$15,000	\$15,675	\$16,380		2021/14	ECO'9TC			
	Administration		27,000	SIE (73	\$7,644	886'(13	58,348	\$8,723	29,116	974,84	CON NA
Computer upgrades					100 CO.V	Cor Chas	200 200	SERT STA	TPT CEDS	\$962,700	51.007.052
Total Operating Expenses		5692,408	\$708,151	\$139,254	212/2/14	C07"/100t	Dec cook	- 701			
	The second s	tes the underted ranital spending projection	ai snendine nroie	ctions							

¹ Based on District's FY 23-24 budget with minor modifications reflecting the updated capital spending projections

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Table 2 Rio Alto WD Water Rate Study Projected Revenues FY 32-33

FY 22-23 FY 23-24 FY 24-25 FY 25-26 FY 26-27 FY 27-28 FY 28-29 FY 29-30 FY 30-31 FY 31-32

Category

Revenue

-		Actual	Budgeted	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Rate Revenue Assumptions												
Rate Revenue												
Rate Revenue Before Increase		5528,471	\$528,487	\$587,442	\$652,973	5725,835	\$799,515	\$880,697	\$970,123	\$1,068,630	\$1,155,736	\$1,238,369
Bevenue from Rate Increase ^{3,2}		States of the second	529,067	\$64,619	\$71,827	\$72,582	\$79,951	\$88,070	\$97,012	\$85,490	\$80,902	\$61,918
Total Rate Revenue		\$528,473	5557,556	\$652,061	\$724,801	\$798,397	\$879,466	\$968,767	\$1,067,136	\$1,154,120	\$1,236,637	\$1,300,287
Other Revenue			5									
Avail Water Revenue	Administration	~15#5\$		\$53,163	\$33,163	\$53,163	\$53,163	\$53,163	\$53,963	\$53,163	\$53,163	\$53,163
Hydrant Revenue	Admjnistration	520228 520228		\$19,728	S19,728	\$19,728	\$19,728	\$19,728	877,ett\$	327,212	\$19,728	\$19,728
Avail Hydrant Revenue	Administration	ic \$11,514		\$11,106	\$11,106	\$11,106	\$11,106	\$11,105	\$11,106	\$11,106	\$11,106	\$11,106
Connections Water Revenue	Capital	FOE EZS	\$18,864	\$9,432	\$9,432	\$9,432	\$9,432	59,432	\$9,432	59,432	\$9,432	\$9,432
Interest Revenue RAWD	As All Other	\$42,574		\$8,730	\$8,326	\$7,966	58,654	\$8,743	\$7,227	\$6,567	\$6,163	\$5,966
Cell Tower Lease Revenue	As All Other	210,200		<u>\$18,450</u>	\$19,004	\$19,57 4	\$20,161	\$20,766	-\$21,3 8 9	\$22,030	\$22,691	ZLE'ETS
Tax Revenue RAWD	As All Other	E05(174,309	а 11	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$350,000
County Interest	As All Other	52,897		\$2,600	\$2,600	52,600	\$2,600	\$2,600	\$2,600	\$2,600	\$2,600	\$2,600
County Penalty	As All Other	50.00 ST14	с. С	21,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Administrative Revenue	Other Revenues	526,163		\$15,300	\$15,300	\$15,300	\$15,300	\$15,300	\$15,300	\$15,300	\$15,300	\$15,300
Capacity Expansion Interest RAWD	As All Other	512 S12										
Capacity Expansion Revenue RAWD	As All Other	51240										
Sewer Liability to Water Enterprise	As All Other			\$23,592	\$23,532	\$23,592	\$23,592	523,592	\$23,592	\$23,592	\$23,592	\$23,592
Total Other Revenue		\$368,443	COP/1525	\$313,101	5313,251	\$313,460	\$334,736	\$315,428	\$314,536	\$314,518	\$314,775	\$315,259
Totai Revenue		\$836,912	\$855,017 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	\$965,161	\$1,038,051	\$1,111,857	51,194,202	1,284,194	\$1,381,672	\$1,468,638	\$1,551,413	\$1,615,546

¹Additional revenue based on recommended increase

²Adjusted if rates adopted in the middle of fiscal year

Water Rate Study Capital Improvement Costs Table 3 Rio Alto WD

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			SCAL VI	EV 75-26	EV 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-33
	FY 22-25 Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
CIP (Current Dollars) Tanks (from Superior Tank): Tanks 1A & 2A Tank 1B		\$123,722	\$123,722	<i>221,</i> 521\$	\$36,336	536,336 \$50,000	\$36,336 \$50,000 \$125,000	\$36,336 \$50,000 \$125,000	\$36,336 \$50,000 \$125,000	\$36,336 \$50,000 \$125,000	\$36,336 \$18,500 \$125,000
Tank 2B Wells (Pump, Motor & Controls): Well 5 - 150 HP Submersible Well 6 - 175 HP Submersible					\$207,287 \$225,802						
Other: Roof AC	\$21,000 \$7,800				·						
Repair and Abandon 12" Line Fire hydrants - 2 per year Vehicles Line Replacement	\$30,000	\$120,000 \$22,000	\$22,000 \$20,000 \$50,000	. \$22,000 \$29,000 \$75,000	\$22,000 \$20,000 \$100,000	\$22,000 \$20,000 \$100,000	\$22,000 \$20,000 \$100,000	\$22,000 \$20.000 \$1.00,000	\$22,000 \$20,000 \$100,000	\$22,000 \$20,000 \$100,000	\$22,060 \$20,000 \$100,000
Total CiP (Current Dollars)	\$58,800	\$265,722	\$215,722	\$240,722	\$611,425	\$228,336	\$353,336	\$353,336	<u>\$353,336</u>	\$353,336	\$321,836
CIP (Inflated Doflars)						Side and second s			¢490.941	¢502 479	\$478.279
Total CIP (inflated Dollars) Annual Inflation Rate	\$58,800	\$265,722	\$225,429	\$2.62,874 4.5%	\$697,737 4.5%	4.5%	45.4	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%

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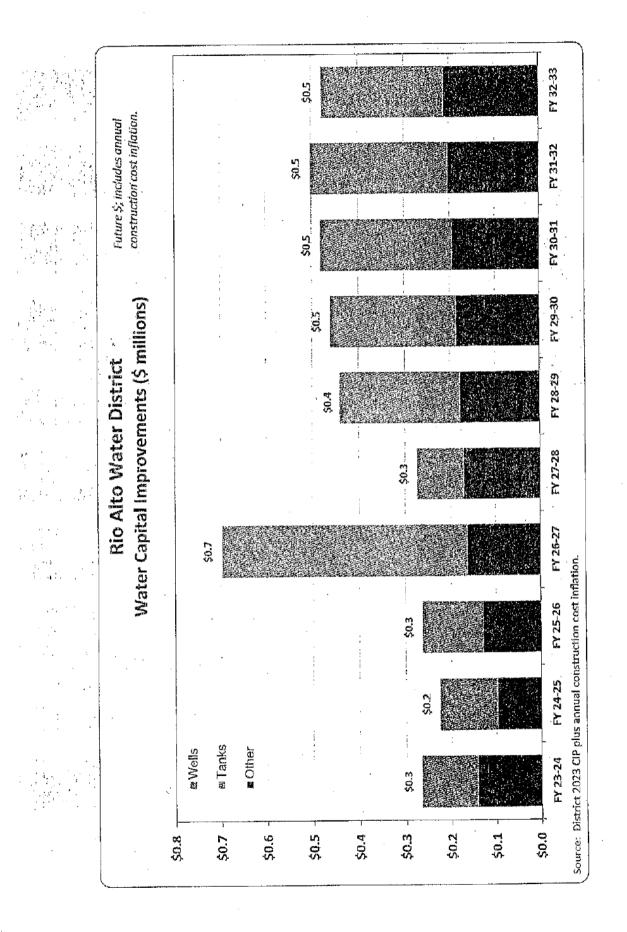


Table 4	Rio Alto WD	Water Rate Study	ebt
Tabl	Rio.	Wat	Debt

Debt	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-33
sources and the contraction of t	derocompose and a local secondaria Actual	Budgeted	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Existing Debt											
CEC Loan Payment Well #5 CEC Loan Payment Well #6 CEC Loan Interest Office CEC Loan Payments Office Total Current Debt Service	\$75,378 \$34,469 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$10,461 \$1,646 \$1,646 \$71,954 \$71,954	525,378 (534,469 510,461 511,646 571,954	\$35,378 \$34,469 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$71,954	\$25,378 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$1,646 \$71,954	\$25,378 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$1,646 \$1,646 \$1,646	\$25,878 \$34,409 \$10,461 \$1,646 \$1,646 \$71,954	\$25,378 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$1,646 \$71,954	\$25,378 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$1,646 \$71,954	\$25,378 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$1,046 \$1,954 \$71,954	\$25,378 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$1,646 \$71,954	\$25,378 \$34,469 \$10,461 \$1,645 \$71,954

Proposed Borrowing Net Proceeds Needed

Net Proceeds Needed									
				\$500,000					
Repayment Term (yrs)				30					
Interact Rate				5.0%					
Month of Issue		and the second secon		A STATE OF STATE		angeren at ende berikteren inde	A STATE OF A		
% of Net Proc		-							
Issuance Cost				\$30,000					
Debt Service Reserve									
Tottal Debt Issue Size				\$530,000					
Prorated Debt Service Payment - Current Yr. Only				\$34,000				`	
Annual Debt Service Payment (rounded)				\$34,000					.•
8	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$34,000	\$34,000	\$34,000	\$34,000	\$34,000	\$34,000

			3 <i>6.86</i> V3	EV 35-26	EY 76-27	FY 27-28	FV 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-33
Water Fund. Descriptions and the second	Service and the service of the servi	11.0%		11.0%	ほごも	10.0%		%0.01 J.	8.0%	7.0%	5.0%
Beginning Reserves	\$891,721	\$891,721 \$1,048,042	\$872,974	\$832,601	a * '	865,417		\$722,660	\$656,669	\$616,314	\$536,593
Revenues		والمحمد ومحربهم والمراجع والمحمد	HARRING AT RECORD OF STOLE (MA, MI) COMON CAN BE	an - Andre	A LANDAUGUCAUCUUM COLUMNIA			1	44 000 COO	1	030.000.60
Rate Revenue	\$528,471	\$528,487	\$587,442	\$652,973	\$725,815	5799,515	5880,697		ac/'cct/tč .nsa'gan'tč		. בטביסבא אק
Rate Increase Revenue	0	58,134	64,619	71,827	72,582	79,951.	88,070	97,012	85,490	206,08	61,918
Timing Adjustment*		-29,067									
Other Revenue	368,441	297,463	313,101	313,251	313,460	314,736	315,428	314,536	314,518		212,215
Total Revenue	\$896,912	\$855,017	\$965,161	\$1,038,051	\$1,111,857	\$1,194,202	\$1,284,194	\$1,381,672	\$1 , 468,638	\$1,551,413	\$1,615,546
Expenses			Sherring and a set					والتركي متركي والمستركين والمسترك والمسترك			
one reting Evnenger	\$609.837	\$692.408	\$708,151	\$739,254	\$773,319	\$807,283	\$889,346	\$881,574	\$922,197	\$962,700	\$ 1 ,007,062
Operating Loperation Evimine Data Sanuice	71.954	71.954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954	71,954
			0	C	Ð	34,000	34,000	34,000 -	34,000	34,000	34,000
	ére eno	5765 777	\$275 A29	\$262.874	5197.737	\$272,295	\$440,321	\$460,135	\$480,841	\$502,479	\$478,279
Rate Funded Capital						- 7 ⁻		64 AV7 CC2 64 EN9 007	61 ENG 007	¢1 571 133	\$1 591 795
Total Expenses	\$740,591	\$1, 030,984	\$1,005,534	\$1,074,082	\$ 1, 043,010	7554,681,14	170,054,14	- coo'/ ++*T¢	755'000'10		
No. Revealed the second s	80213632140231750	12-2175-067.00	YEL GOVS IN THE	246536.0313	01/568/84 A	101281670	12151,426	6266/295	Nascutterin	10/ 6LS M	1977-1978 1979-1979
			F03 C401	6705 E70	60CC A17	2 <u>87.8</u> 087	\$722,660	\$656.669	\$616.314	\$596,593	\$620,844
Ending Reserves	\$1,048,042	\$87	T00'7994		175 (100C	Ju c	ch c		516	25.5	5 74
Debt Coverage	3.99	2.26	3.57	4.15	4.70	(8) 20	e/.e	7.4	01.0	DC:17	
*Reflects January rate implementation	entation										
Capital Funding	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-33
Capital Revenues							•				
Use of Debt Proceeds					\$500,000			7460 43E	 ¢400.941	¢\$N2 A70	5478 779
Rate Funded Capital	\$58,800	\$265,722	\$225,429	\$262,874	\$197,737	52/2/25	T75'086C	CCT not	1400040	- 11-f30CC	
Total Capital Revenue	\$58,800	\$265,722	\$225,429	\$262,874	\$697,737	\$272,295.	\$440,321	\$460,135	\$480,841	\$502,479	\$478,279
Total Canital Exnenditures	\$58,800	\$265,722	\$225,429	\$262,874	\$697,737	\$272,295	\$440,321	\$460,135	\$480,841	\$502,479	\$478,279

Table 5 Rio Alto WD Water Rate Study Cash Flow Projections

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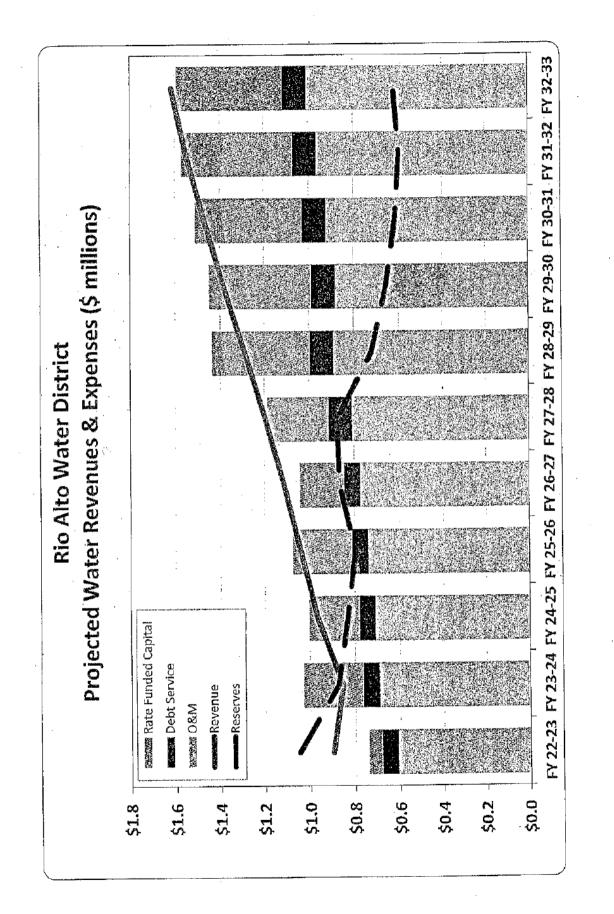


Table 6 Rio Alto WD Water Rate Study Customer Data

Customer Data	FY 17-18	FY 17-18 FY 18-19	~ î	- L - §	FY 21-22	FY 22-23	FY 23-24
n of the second se	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual Actual	Actual	Projected
Total Water Production (CCF)	254,283	248,214	268,254	271,507	246,452	227,070	070,722
Billed, Metered, Consumption (CCF)	231,695	225,599	250,999	247,510	232,326	210,642	210,642
Water Loss (%)	8.9%	9.1%	6.4%	8.8%	5.7%	7.8%	7.8%
Total Accounts {#)	1,322	1,340	1,365		. 1,412	1,412	1,412
Grawth (%)		136%	1.87%	1.76%	1.66%	0.00%	0.00%
Annual Metered Use (CCF) per Account	175	168	184	178	165	165	165

ī

Water Rate Study Meter Equivalent Units Rio Alto WD Table 7

Meter Equivalent	Units (NEUs) 1776.0	300.6	32.0	1,558.6
Meter Equivalent	Ratio** 110	17	5.3	
	Services 1.255	180	9	2,412.0
	Meter Size 3/4"	1"	2"	Tota!

* Customer data as of June 2023 provided by staff ** Capacity factors based on AWWA operating capacity standards by meter size

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Table 8 Rio Alto WD Water Rate Study Functional Allocation

Projected 5-Year Average

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		Offsetting	Allocation				
Functional Allocation	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Customer	Capacity	All Volume	Total
Administration	\$531.066	\$83,997	\$447,069	55%	25%	20%	100%
Source of Supply	2107,749	\$0	\$107,749		30%	70%	100%
Transmission & Distribution	\$141.933	\$0	\$141,933			100%	100%
Doht Service	\$71.954	SO	\$71,954		50%	50%	100%
Canital	\$244,812	\$11,318	\$233,493		80%	40%	100%
Functional Allocation 5	\$1,097,514	\$95,315	\$1,002,195	\$245,888	\$320,165	\$436,146	\$1,002,199
Functional Allocation %	•			24.53%	31.95%	43.52%	100%
FY 23/24 Revenue Requirement				\$143,898	\$187,425	\$255,297	\$586,621

Table 9 Rio Alto WD Water Rate Study

Volumetric Charge Calculation

Allecation Units	All Volume
in the former of the second	53
unt of resources Trital Water Sice CCF	210,642
Revenue Revuirement	\$255,297
Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	\$1.21

81-Monthly Fixed Charge Calculation.

Aflocation Units	2	Customer	Capacity	
Unit of Measure		Customers	MEUS	
Allocation Units		8,472	9,351	
Revenue Regulrement	rement	<u> 5143,898</u>	\$187,425	
Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	JR)	\$16.99	\$20.04	
	Capacity	Bi-Monthly Capacity	Bi-Monthly Capacity	
	Factor**	Component	Component	Component Bi-Monthly Fixed Charge
	1.00	\$16.99	\$20.04	\$37.03
	1.67	\$16.99	\$33.47	\$50.46
	5 33	516.99	\$106.83	\$123.81

• ••

Table 10 Rio Alto WD Water Rate Study Water Rate Schedule

Current and Proposed Water Rates	Existing FY 22-23	Proposed Mar 1, 2024	Proposed Jul 1, 2024	Proposed Jul 1, 2025	Proposed Jul 1, 2026	Proposed Jul 1, 2027
Volumetric Rates (\$/CCF)	ann har na sta raigh ann ann an sta					
Base Use (0-15 CCF)	\$0.00					
Volumetric (>15 CCF) Uniform Rate (All CCF)	\$1.30	\$1.21	\$1.35	\$1.50	\$1.65	\$1.82
Bi-Monthly Fixed Charge					·	
Meter Size						
3/4"	\$42.87	\$37.03	\$41.10	\$45.62	\$50.18	\$55.20
1"	\$58.45	\$50,46	\$56.01	\$62.17	\$68.39	\$75.23
2 ⁿ	\$144.15	\$123.81	\$137.43	\$152.55	\$167.81	\$184.59

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APPENDIX B

Wastewater Rate Study Tables

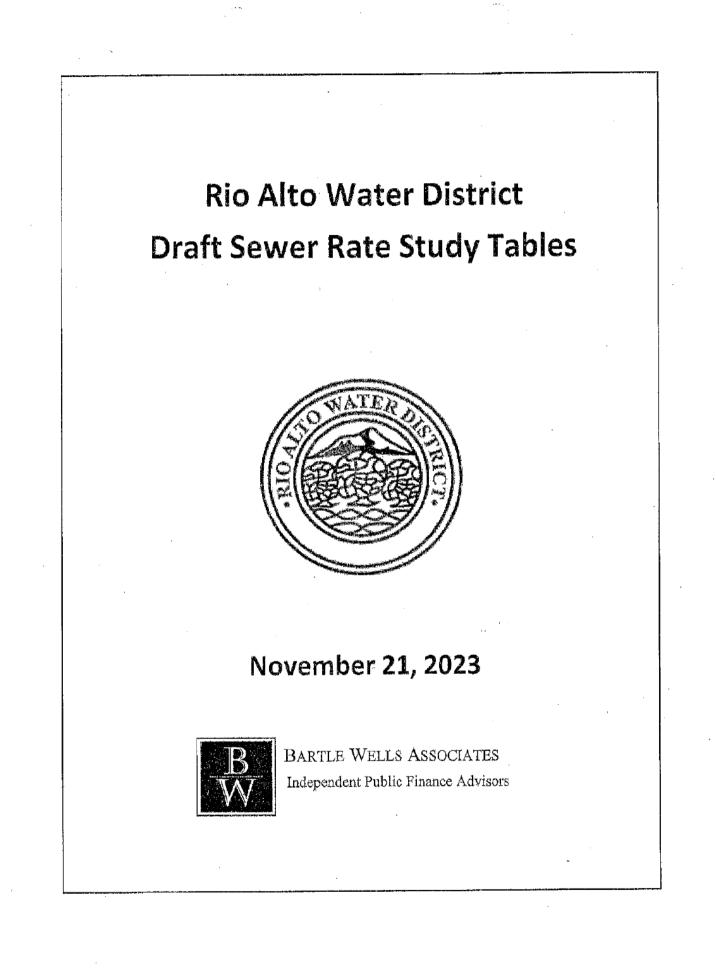


Table A Rio Alto WD Sewer Rate Study Sewer Rate Schedule

Existing and Proposed Sewer Rates	Existing FY 22-23	Proposed Mar 1, 2024	Proposed Jul 1, 2024	Proposed Jul 1, 2025	Proposed Jul 1, 2026	Proposed Jul 1, 2027
Bi-Monthly Fixed Charges		anana mananana ang kabupatén kabupatén kabupatén kabupatén kabupatén kabupatén kabupatén kabupatén kabupatén ka	anan kanan kan Kanan kanan kana	an manana kanan kanan kanan kanan ma	alle state and an	anangan kananggonjan Jawan Contra Contra ang
Single Family Resid.	\$89.18	\$102.68	\$115.52	\$127.07	\$139.78	\$153.76
1/2 single Fam Resid.	\$44.59	\$51.34	\$57.76	\$63,54	\$69.89	\$76.88
TriPlex sewer	\$267.56	\$308.08	\$346.59	\$381,25	\$419.38	\$461.32
Duplex Sewer	\$178.37	\$205.38	\$231.05	\$254.16	\$279.58	\$307.54
Sewer Extention	\$105.26	\$102.68	\$115.52	\$127.07	\$139.78	\$153.76
Low Pressure	\$105.26	\$130.14	\$146.41	\$161.05	\$177.16	\$194.88
Low Pressure Duplex	\$210.52	\$250.28	\$292.82	\$322.10	\$354.31	\$389.74
Commercial	\$202.46		\$262.19	\$288.41	\$317.25	\$348.98
Volumetric Charges	· · · ·	. .			•	
Commercial	\$0.55	\$0,65	\$0.73	\$0.80	\$0.88	\$0.97

Table 1 Rio Alto WD Sewer Rate Study Projected Operating Expenses FY 31-32 FY 32-33

FY 30-31

FY 29-30

FY 28-29

FY 27-28

FY 26-27

FY 25-26

FY 24-25

FY 23-24

FY 22-23

Expenses¹

\$682 \$12,462 \$9,511 \$9,511 \$9,511 \$1,465 \$1,485\$\$1,485\$\$1, \$45,055 \$23,670 \$23,483 \$4,012 \$3,195 \$1,189 \$5720 \$5720 \$5720 \$5720 \$5720 \$5720 i - Aruul - Budgeted Projected 585 514,221 511,925 511,925 511,925 511,925 511,925 511,922 511,922 51,4222 51,4223 51,566 514,223 51,566 514,223 51,258 54,977 54,271 54,2725 \$43,115 \$29,349 \$22,472 \$3,840 \$3,058 \$3,058 \$49B \$4,763 \$4,763 \$13,609 \$13,609 \$340 8 \$41,259 \$28,085 \$21,504 \$3,674 \$2,926 \$1,089 \$456 578 573 513,003 5 9 \$39,482 \$26,876 \$20,578 \$3,516 \$2,800 \$2,800 \$1,042 \$623 \$12,465 \$12,465 \$12,465 \$5,231,246 \$5,231,246 \$12,465 \$2,257200 \$2,257200 \$2,257200 \$2,257200 \$2,257200 \$2,257200 \$2,25700 \$ \$1,246 \$312 \$37,732 \$15,719 \$15,692 \$33,365 \$25,599 \$3997 \$462 \$75 \$12,462 \$748 \$75 \$12,462 \$748 \$125 \$11,450 \$7,976 \$7,976 \$623 \$2,492 536,155 534,611 513,844 513,844 513,844 513,844 513,844 511,82 514,83 514,93 514,93 51 ŝ 5399 5995 512,412 511,412 8 52,454 \$2,454 \$915 \$62 \$115,412 \$68 \$116,412 \$68 \$116,412 \$68 \$116,412 \$68 \$10,412 \$68 \$10,412\$10,412 \$10,412\$10,410 5913 \$285 \$73,558 \$73,551 \$18,033 \$874 \$22,538 \$34,945 \$20,708 \$2,948 \$2,348 528,62 528,62 022,012 51,092 \$273 \$874 5382 \$33,108 \$22,537 \$2,948 \$2,948 \$2,948 \$2,348 \$574 \$362 \$565 \$10,920 \$655 \$109 \$105 \$55,000 \$5,588 \$5,588 \$2,090 \$2,2090 \$5,270 \$2,090 \$2,000\$2,000 \$2, \$3,658 \$3,658 \$10,450 \$10,450 \$31,682 \$21,567 \$16,513 \$2,822 \$2,822 \$53 \$10,450 3636 SBEE \$251 \$636 \$366 \$627 1,000 2,050 3,500 10,000 18,963 2,700 3,500 10,000 20,639 32,000 800 150 30,318 20,538 15,802 15,802 2,150 2,150 10,000 500 500 2,000 20 6,000 000 000 5,000 2,000 8,300 웧 3,000 800 **\$60** ĝ 50,000 6,400 1,000 52 10.00 507 831 4,770 1,631 1,750 775 \$69 46,212 13,50Z 2,286 3,874 1,525. SII3 9,213 5,950 236 6693 609 4 9,116 734 7,637 5,586 540 3,874 486 620 3,444 E 438 ŝ 158 1057 5,965 64,294 23,158 16,088 53 Collection System Collection System **Collection System** Collection System Treatment Freatment Ireatment reatment Freatment Treatment Treatment reatment freetment reatment reatment reatment reatment reatment Freatment Freatment reatment reatment reatment **Freatment** Freatment Freatment Ineatment reatment reatment reatment reatment Plant Lab Equipment Maintenance Bacti Lab Supplies/Equipment Life Stations #3,4,5,6,7 Utility Safety Supplies & Equipment Waste Water Permit Testing Plant Lab Equipment Repair Equipment Maintenance Wetlends Maintenance Part'Time Employee UP: Station #2 Utility Lift Station #1. Utility Contracted Services lafety Equip Repair Auto Maintenance Part Time Employee Plant Maintenance Wetlands Security Regulatory Officer Systems Operator I Plant Lab Supplies Felemetry System Auto Maintenance Equipment Repair General Supplies Regulatory Officer Chlorine/Bisulfite Sys Operator III General Supplies Sys Operator II wetlands Utility Studge Ofsposal Sys Operator III wwTP Utility Auto Repair Plant Repair Auto Repair Auto Fuel Auto Fuel ools fools

Projected Operating Expenses Sewer Rate Study Rio Alto WD Table 1

FY 32-33

FY 28-29 FY 29-30 FY 30-31 FY 31-32

FY 27-28

· FY 26-27

FY 25-26

FY 24-25

FY 23-24

FY 22-23

 Santas
 \$1,115 \$1,115 \$1,279 \$7,430 \$1,486 \$1,486 \$1,486 \$1,486 \$1,486 \$1,486 \$1,486 \$1,486 (2) Actual Didgered Projected Pro \$1,057 \$1,452 \$1,472 \$1 \$2,701 \$1,123 \$25,733 \$50,134 \$60,134 \$50,134 \$50,134 \$50,134 \$50,134 \$50,134 \$51,013 \$1,013\$\$1,013\$ 3 \$2,584 \$1,075 \$26,749 \$35,544 \$55,544 \$55,754 \$55,754 \$42,760 \$42,700 \$42,501 \$42,701\$ \$42,700\$ \$42,70 \$1,302 \$1,302 \$1,302 \$1,302 \$58,563 \$12,145 5977 51,302 51,953 51,953 \$0 \$413 \$3,739 \$3,739 \$744 \$744 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$5,798 \$5,798 \$5,798 \$5,798 \$1,245 \$2,125 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$1,245 \$2,125 \$1,245 \$2,125 \$1,245 \$2,125 \$1,245 \$2,125 \$2,255\$2\$2,255\$2\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$2,255\$ \$935 \$1,246 \$1,869 \$623 \$623 \$1,246 \$1,739 \$61,781 511,622 52,286
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Table 1 Rio Alto WD Sewer Rate Study Projected Operating Expenses

Expenses ¹		FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-33
والمتعالم المعالم المع		Contraction of the second s	Rentwork	Projected	Projected	Profected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
General Inflation Factory and a second										S P P P	NAT AND A	142 C 124
	ป ปกษัตธิศาราชีโณฑ	16.789	19.1 <i>4</i> 0-	\$20.000	106.052	\$21.842	522,825	\$23,852	524,925	\$26,047	612,722	\$28,444
uburance Deserves - Est 744	Administration	87		\$131	\$137	5143	\$149	\$156	\$163	\$170	\$178	\$185
	administration	2.558		7697 ES	\$3,864	\$4,037	\$4,219	\$4,409	\$4,607	\$4,815	\$5,031	\$5,258
oquepator contract Mice Office Envior Expense	Administration	2/61		\$627	\$635	\$685	\$716	\$748	1225	5817	\$853	5892
office Equipment Maintenance	Administration			\$209	\$12\$	\$228	\$239	S249	\$260	\$272	5284	7622
Office Buildine Maintenance	Administration	523		5669	569\$	\$730	\$763	\$798	\$833	\$871	\$910	156\$
Clinica Danada Baranaya maraza Safahu Sironfias	Administration	067		\$523	\$545	\$571	\$596	\$623	\$651	\$680	5711	\$743
Contracted Services	Administration	2,275	2,514	\$2,627	\$2,745	\$2,869	\$2,998	\$3,133	\$3,274	\$3,421	\$3,2,75	. \$3,736
Engineering	Administration		3 . 5 000:	\$5,225	\$5,460	\$5,706	\$5,963	\$6,231	\$6,511	56,804	57,111	\$7,430
Lot Colline Exnerse	Administration		2001 June 1001	\$105	601\$	\$114	\$119	\$125	\$330	\$135	\$142	\$1, 4 9
	Administration	H		\$63	\$65	568 568	\$72	\$75	\$78	\$82	\$85	585
Telechone	Administration	815	821	\$358	\$897	\$937	978Ş	\$1,023	\$1,069	\$1,117	\$1,168	\$1,220
l steptioner Constra Con - Chata	Administration	36.201	i Fri	\$41,613	\$43,485	\$45,442	547,487	\$49,624	\$51,857	\$54,191	\$56,629	\$59,178
Service Foot Junio Service Soot - Country	Administration	2489		2777	\$2,839	\$2,967	53,101	\$3,240	53,386	53,538	\$3,697	\$3,864
Service Foe - Coursy Service Foe - Federal SSE	Administration			\$105	\$109	\$114	erts	\$125	\$I30	3136	\$142	\$149
builtor	Administration	005.2	5,600	\$5,852	\$6,115	\$6,39 1	\$6,672	\$6,979	\$7,293	\$7,621	\$7,964	\$8,322
legal Crimeral	Administration	EST.E.		\$1,672	\$1,747	\$1,826	\$1,908,12	51,994	52,084	52,177	\$2,275	\$Z,378
Roard Meetine Supplies	Administration	2		\$157	\$164	rti\$	\$179	\$187	\$395	\$204	EIZS	5223
Director East	Administration	2.640		\$3,511	\$3,669	\$3,834	200,22	\$4,187	\$4,376	\$4,572	\$4,778	\$4,993
Directors Travel (Conferences	Administration	3.297	1508	\$4,703	\$4,912	\$5,135	\$5,366	\$5,608	\$5,860	\$6,124	665,35	\$6,687
Sever Bate Study	Administration		ال تانية المراجع					\$17,447				
Accept Evaluation Consultant	Administration		10,000	,				\$12,462				
Director Flection (non-election yr.)	Administration	1558	400		5 43 7		5477		\$521		\$269	
Director Election (election vr.)	Administration			\$1,672		\$1,826		51,994		771,22		\$72,578
Computer/Software Uperades & Su	Administration	1975 3767	4,148	54,335	\$4,530	54,734	54,947	\$5,169	\$5,402	\$5,645	5 5,839	\$6,1.54
Comment Software Undate	Administration		Q	0\$	\$0	0Ş	2	\$0	\$0	ŝ	я	F
Ita Mitv to Water Enterorise	Administration			265,552	\$23,592	265'82\$	\$23,592	\$23,592	523,592	\$23,592	513,592	\$23,592
	Administration			\$10,000	\$10,450	\$10,920	212/115	\$11,925	\$12,462	\$13,023	\$13,609	\$14,221
the second s	Administration			\$4,000	\$4,180	\$4,368	\$4,565	54,770	539,985	\$5,209	\$5,443	\$5,688
GACR OPFR Evaluations frotal eval	Administration		3,000		\$1,092		51713		\$1,302		51,422	
GASR DPER Evaluations (disclosure)	Administration			\$200		\$228		\$249		\$272		167S
OPEB Contributions {CERBT [rust]	Administration	206		ŝ	3	S;	\$0	\$0	\$0	3	\$	\$0
Total Considers Francisco		S S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	S684.765	\$730.737	\$764.647	5798,451	5777,320	\$841,645	\$846,683	\$884,266	\$922,427	\$963,470

¹ Based on District's FY 23-24 budget with minor modifications reflecting the updated capital spending projections

Ria Aita WB Sewer Rate Study Projected Revenues Table 2

Revenue	Category	· Escalation	i FY 22-23	FY 23-24	£Y 24-25	FV 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29	FY 29-30	12-05 YT	FV 31-32	FY 32-33
			Actual	Budgeted	Profected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Profected	Profected	Projected
Revenue Astarrations (1999) and (19													
Credi Tower's Contract Structure Str		and a construction				2, 100 E 114 ST	190 T2 T4						
Rate Revenue													
Race Revenue Before increase		Growth	S504 391	*2E8"E115\$	192,0832	\$654,544	\$723,330	\$794,756	\$875,550	\$955,731	151,043,131	\$1,091,914	\$1,142,895
Revenue from Rate Increase ^{1.2}				537,787	\$72,426	\$65,183	201,112	\$72,872	\$78,083	\$85,110	\$46,385	548,473	\$50,654
Total Rate Kevenue			\$504,391	\$541,619	\$655,107	777,917\$	210,2672	\$873,628	\$953,633	\$1,040,842	112,080,12	51.140,386	\$1,193,549
Other Revenue													
Avail Sewer Revenue	As All Other	Mane	\$49,672	, i	\$47,712	\$47,712	\$47,712	547,712	547,712	547,712	\$47,712	\$47,712	\$47,712
Cell Tower Lease Revenue	As All Other	Cell	\$30,200	513,950	\$18,450	\$19,004	\$72,912	\$20,361	\$20,766	68E'TZ\$	\$22,030	1697225	<i>115,512</i>
Sewer Interest Revenue	As All Other	Interest	\$7,245		\$2,720	\$3,149	53,270	5,624	\$4,662	\$4,693	54,690	\$1,540	54,676
Connections Sewer Revenue	Capital	None	S18,352	4	\$9,076	\$9,076	\$9,076	\$9,076	9/0'65	\$9,075	\$9,076	\$9,076	59,076
Tax Revenue RAIB	As All Dther	None	537,106		\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
Interest Reveaue RAID	As All Other	None	ZE6'15		8	5	8	05 20	8	я.	-51,	ů,	9
County Penaity/Interest	As All Other	Nane	5476		\$700	\$700	\$700	\$700	\$700	\$700	\$700	5700	\$700
Admínistrative Revenue	Administration	None	514,382	1	00Z'ET\$	513,200	\$13,200	002,612	\$13,200	513,200	\$13,200	002,612	\$13,200
Capacity Expansion Interest RAID	As All Other	None	537	e,	5	界	я	\$0 \$	2	8	я.	₽\$-	8
LAIF Capacity Expansion Interest	Other Revenues	None	\$2,839		\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	52,000	52,000	\$2,000	\$2,800	(EC)0(2\$
Capacity Expansion Revenue RAID	As All Other	None	E 1 2 2 3 343										
Total Other Revenue			\$133,958	\$169,276	\$168,858	\$169,841	252,0712	\$171,483	5173,116	\$173,770	\$174,408	\$174,919	\$175,735
Total Revenue	•		\$638,359	202.0172	\$321,965	\$889,567	\$963,544	\$1,045,111	\$1,126,749	\$1,214,613.	\$1,265,925	\$1,315,305	\$1,369,284

"Additional revenue based on reconstructed fluctease "Adjusted if rakes adopted to the middle of faceal year

Table 3 Rio Alto WD Sewer Rate Study Capital improvement Costs

CIP (Current Dollars) Onstre Hypo Generation at WWTP Replace Oxidation Ditch Aeration System Replace to furtin Monster w/ Multi-rake Bar Surreen Lift Station 2 Lift Station 2 Lift Station 2 Lift Station 3 Lift Station 5 Lift Station 6 Lift Station 6 Lift Station 7 Office Roof Office Roof Annal Allowence for Wastewater Treatment Replacement Pipeline Replacement Vehicle Replace Routh Infl Station 1 So Infl Station 2 So Infl Station 2 So So So So So So So So So So	<i>Projected</i> 5,200 14,000 5,19,200	Projectical	600,225	Projected 238,805	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
ation at WWTP Ditch Aeration System nstor w/ Multi-Take Bar Screen for Wastewater Treatment Replacement an an Marsy 30 Marsy 50 fion at WWTP 50 Ster w/ Multi-Take 1 50 Ster w/ Ster Ster Ster Ster Ster Ster Ster Ster	5,200 14,000 519-200		000,225	238,805						
or Wastewater Treatment Replacement int th Jan 20 Jan 20 So So ter w/ Multi-rake 1 So So So So So So So So So So So So So	5,200 14,000 5,19,200			60,000 60,000			532,500			
or Wastewater Treatment Replacement in Harsy 30 Jan 90 5 ion at WWT? 50 teh Aaration Syster 50 ter w/ Multi-rake 1 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	5,200 14,000 \$19,200			,				60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000	·	
nt Hars) 50 Jan-00 50 Ian-00 50 Ian-00 50 tch Aeration Syster So so so so so so so so	082,612		·			20,000	50,000	50,000	56,000	50,000
Hars) 50 Hars) 50 Ian-00 55 Ian-00 55 tch Arration System ter w/ Multi-rake 1 50 50 50 50 50 50	\$19,200	15.000	15,000	15,000	40,000 15,000	80,000 15,000	80,000 15,000	35,000	80,000 15,000	80,000 15,000
Jan-90 ian at WWT? Ich Aaration Syster tter w/ Multi-take I		\$15,000	\$410,000	\$465,305	\$55,000	\$145,000	\$677,508	\$385,000	\$145,000	\$145,000
	C C	US US	US	05	05	ş	115	¢,	\$0	ŝ
	QŞ QŞ	8	88	\$272,516	8	8	\$	8	8	8
	Ş	ŝ	. 85	0\$	3	\$	\$693,454	<u>а</u> ,	<i>В</i> .	5.
	Ŗ	Şa	. \$431,350	сş.	S :	ន្ល	95 05	5 5 5	8	8
	85	88	95 95	\$104,417 \$68,470	8. F	S, 5	50	5. 55	R R	S. S
	8	5	\$0	568,470	S	0\$	\$0	5	ŝ	0\$
	ŝ	\$0	\$0	ŝū	53	ŝ	ţ	\$ 81, 652	\$0	55 56
	0\$	ŞD	15 15	ŝ	\$0	ŝ	50	\$81,652	50	8
	នេះ	នេះ	5	Q, 5	\$ \$	S 5	S. 5	581,652 524,657	s. 5	R 9
of upper lift	r 8	\$ \$	2 3	8	18	5	R' R	5	8	: 8
	\$5,200	DŞ.	\$0	<u></u> З	Ş	8	8	8	\$	0 5
بر \$00 5	\$1 4,0 00	8	8	8	8	8	ጽ	ጽ	D\$	\$0
vance for Wastewater Treat	\$0	50	<u>ъ</u>	8	8	\$62,309	565,113	\$68,043	\$71,105	\$74,305
Pipeline Replacement	\$0. ,	5 ,	55	8	\$47,701	369'66\$	\$104,181	\$108,869	\$113,768	\$118,888
	\$G	\$15,675	\$ <u>16</u> ,380	711,712	\$17,888	\$18 ,69 3	952,913	\$20,413	\$21,332	\$22,291
Jan-00	0\$	0\$	\$0	\$	55	8	8	\$	\$0	8
	\$19,200	\$15,675	\$447,730	\$530,990	\$65,589	\$180,696	\$832,281	\$523,932	\$206,205	\$215,484
Annual Inflation Rate		4.5%	4.5%	¥54	85°	4,5%	4.5%	¥5%	4 <u>5</u> %	% <u>5</u> ~*

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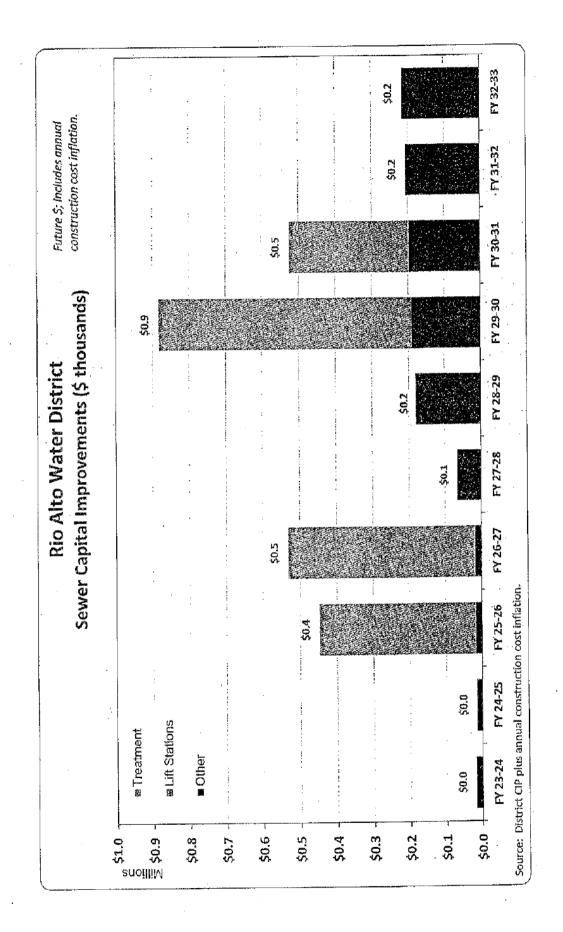


Table 4 Rio Alto WD Sewer Rate Study Debt

Debt	FY 21-22	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25~26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-33
and and the continue of the function of the context of the state of th	Actual	Budgeted	Budgeted	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Existing Debt												
WWTP CEC Loan Payments	530'81\$ ····	\$25,378	\$25,431	151 325	151.22	161-575	156,525,431	- 1E#/57\$	168/525	825,431	TEPSZS	169,252
CEC Loan Payments	\$1,371 51,546	51,646	\$1,608	\$1,608	\$1,608	51,608	51.608	\$1.608	\$1,608	\$1, 51,608	\$1,608	\$1,608
CEC interest Payments	\$4,773	\$4,597	54,338	54,338	0.00 X 338	54,338	54 338	S4 338	54338	54,338	\$4338	S4 338
Total Current Debt Service	£23,999	\$31,621	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377	\$31,377
Proposed Borrowing												
Net Proceeds Needed					000,000\$				\$950,000			
Repayment Term (yrs)					30				80			
interest Rate					5.0%				5.0%			
Month of Issue					1				ŧ			
Issuance Cost					\$50,000				550,000			

				;							
interest Rate				5.0%				5.0%			
Month of Issue				1				ŧ۲			
Issuance Cost				\$50,000				550,000			
Total Debt Issue Size				\$950,000				\$1,000,000			
Prorated Debt Service Payment - Current Yr. Only	Vini			\$31,000				\$32,500			
Annual Debt Service Payment (rounded)				\$62,000				\$65,000			
Total Proposed Annual Water Debt Ser	\$0	\$0	\$ \$0	\$31,000	\$62,000	\$62,000	\$62,000	\$94,500	\$127,000	\$127,000	\$127,000

Table 5	Rio Alto WD	Sewer Rate Study	Cash Flow Projections
Ţa	Ŗ	Se	ß

Cower Fund	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	EV 26-27	FY 27-28	FV 28-29	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	
Regret Revenue incompanies and the second second second and a second secon	SUNATION CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	15.0%	12.5%	10.0%	10.0% 10.0% 10.0%	10.0%	9.06 S	30.6	4.5%		4,526
Beginning Reserves	\$280,267	\$295,964	\$272,016	\$314,918	·	\$363,450	\$466,235	\$469,304	\$469,014	\$454,015	\$467,566
Revenues					den erstelle som er		AND A SUBSECTION OF STREET, SALES	a na je sta na se	and a solution of the second of the second		and the second of the second
Rate Revenue	\$504,391	\$503,832	\$579,406	\$651,832	\$717,015	\$788,717	\$867,589	\$945,672	\$1,030,782	\$1,077 ,1 67	\$1,125,640
Rate Increase Revenue	Ċ	75,575	72,426	65,183	71,702	78,872	78,083	85,110	46,385	48,473	50,654
Timing Adjustment*		-37,787								·	
Other Revenue	193,968	169,276	168,858	169,841	170,532	171,483	173,116	173,770	174,408	174,919	175,735
Totai Revenue	\$698,359	\$710,895	\$820,690	\$886,856	\$959,249	\$1,039,072	\$1,118,787	\$1,204,552	\$1,251,576	\$1,300,559	\$1,352,029
Expenses							An		and a second s	a yaa, waxaa ay ay daaca ta dada baada baasa wax	CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OF
Operating Expenses	\$651,041	\$684,265	\$730,737	\$764,647	\$798,451	\$777,321	\$841,645	\$846,683	\$384,266	\$922,427	\$963,470
Existing Debt Service	31,621	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377	31,377
New Deht Service	0	Ð	0	31,000	62,000	62,000	. 62,000	94,500	127,000	127,000	127,000
Rate Funded Capital	\$0	\$19,200	\$15,675	\$47,730	066'02\$	\$65,589	\$180,696	\$232,281	\$223,932	\$206,205	\$215,484
Total Expenses	\$682,662	\$734,842	\$777,789	\$874,754	\$922,818	\$936,287	\$1,115,718	\$1,204,841	\$1,266,575	\$1,287,009	\$1,337,331
Net Revenues	\$15,697 \$15,697	523,947	\$42,901	\$12,102	\$296,430 F	\$102,785	- 690'eS	0625-	666 41 5	\$13,550	\$14,698
Ending Reserves	\$295,964	\$272,016	\$314,918	\$327,019	\$363,450	\$466,235	\$469,304	\$469,014	\$454,015	\$467,566	\$482,264
Debt Coversee	1 50	0.85	2.87	1.96	. 1.72	2.80	2.97	2.84	2.32	2.39	2.45

CONTRACT REPORT						•					;;
Debt Coverage	1.50	0.85	2.87	1.96	1.72	2.80 2.97	2.97	2.84	2.32	2.39	2.45
*Reflects January rate implementation	ementation										
Capital Funding	FY 22-23 FY 23-	FY 22-23 FY 23-24	FY 24-25 -	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29 ₩10000000000000000	FY 29-30	FY 30-31	FY 31-32	FY 32-53
Capital Revenues				,		,					•
Use of Debt Proceeds				\$400,000	\$500,000			. \$650,000	2300,000		
Rate Funded Capital	¢0	\$19,200	\$15,675	\$47,730	\$30,990	\$65,589	\$180,696	\$232,281	\$223,932	\$206,205	\$215,484
Total Capital Revenue	Şn	\$19,200	\$15,6/5	\$447,730	066'065\$	\$65,589	\$180,696	\$882,281	\$523,932	\$206,205	\$215,484
Total Capital Expenditu	0\$	\$19,200	\$15,675	\$447,730	\$530,990	\$65,589	\$180,696	\$882,281	\$523,932	\$206,205	\$215,484

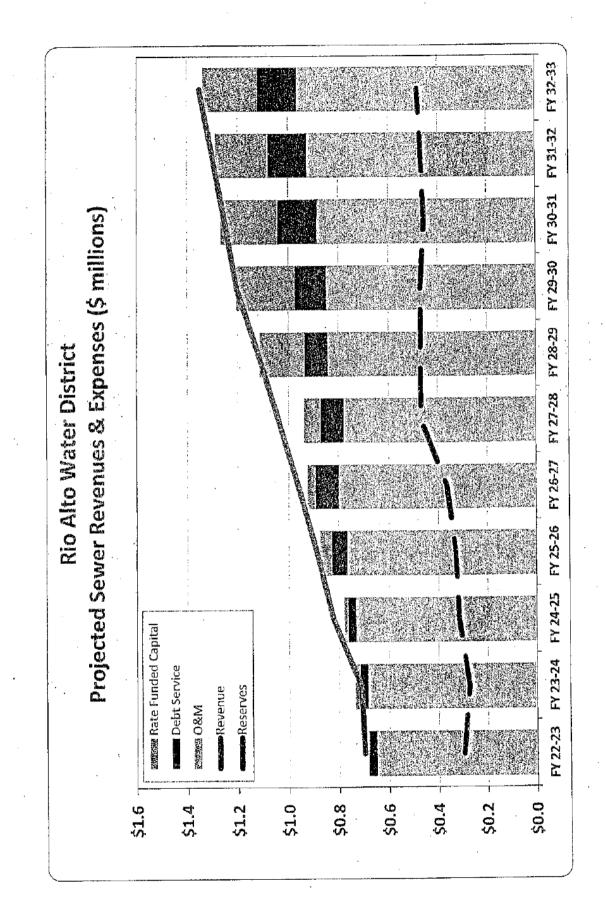


Table 6 Rio Alto WD Sewer Rate Study Meter Equivalent Units

Bill Code	Quantity	Quantity	EDU	Total EDUs
Single Family Resid. Customers 862 1.00 862.00	Customers	862	1.00	862.00
1/2 Single Fam Resid.	Customers	Ļ	0.50	0.50
Trîplex Sewer	Customers	1	3.00	3.00
Duplex Sewer	Customers	12	2.00	24.00
Sewer Extension	Customers	15	1.00	15,00
Low Pressure	Customers	18	1.00	18.00
Low Pressure Duplex	Customers	2	2.00	4.00
Commercial	Customers	2	4.50	00.6
Commercial	CCF	3,782	e/u	

Total * Customer data as of June 2023 provided by staff